The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—E. L. Sloan, editor of the Salt Lake *Herald*, is dead.

—The State Insurance Commissioner of Pennsylvania has given the Safeguard Insurance Company of Philadelphia notice to discontinue business in this State until a re-examination of its affairs.

—Capt. David White, formerly a prominent pusher of Madison, Ind., and for a great many years closely identified with steamboat interests on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, died at Keokuk, Iowa, on Monday.

—Geo. W. Swope, Indiana State Senator, shot and killed Perry Reilly in the court house yard in Evansville, yesterday, in a crowd of hundreds of people. Reilly leaves a large family and was a citizen in good standing. Swope was arrested. The difficulty grew out of the election excitement.

—Michael Fitzgerald, Presiding Judge of the County Court at St. Joseph, Mo., has been arrested charged with having forged and sold a county warrant for the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars. The Judge claims that he bought the warrant of a stranger on Saturday. He has been held in $1,000 bail.

—Gilbert F. Ralsbeck and Charles H. Berkrand, of New York, who were indicted and convicted of conspiracy to defraud the Gardner heirs of Brooklyn out of a valuable estate, were sentenced at Newark, N. J., to two years imprisonment in the State's prison and to pay a fine of five hundred dollars each and the cost of prosecution.

—The body of an unknown man, with his skull smashed, was found on Monday in a field near Glenville, five miles east of Cleveland. The deceased was about forty-five years of age, well dressed, brown pants and vest, black frock coat, black slouch hat, side whiskers of a dark brown color, and light mustache. Nothing to identify the deceased was found on his person. He was probably murdered for his money.

—A dispatch from Sedalia, Mo., says on Sunday four men named Wilson, Rollins, Ray and Henry rode across the farm of George and David Davis, nine miles from Sedalia, letting down fences in their passage. On their return they were met by the Davis brothers. An altercation ensued, in which Rollins and Wilson were badly wounded. Constable Darrill, with a posse, attempted to arrest the Davis brothers at their house last Sunday night. They were fired on, and Derrill and one of his posse were severely wounded.

STATE BREVITIES.

THE heavy storm on Sunday night destroyed about thirty thousand brick for Mr. Allen, at the Pennsylvania Reform School.

THE arrivals up to date at the Bedford Springs Hotel foot up to 800, which is 160 ahead of the corresponding time last year.

ON Thursday last a large porcupine was killed near Paradise church Northumberland county, by Mr. Foust, the sexton. They are a rare animal in that section.

PROF. WICKERSHAM, superintendent of common schools, has reappointed Hon. A. L. Hays a trustee, on the part of the State, for the State Normal School at Millersburg.

A POWDER mill at Tamaqua was blown up last week, containing several hundred kegs of powder. Four men employed in the mill were reported to have been blown to atoms.

Two foolish girls, 12 and 14 years of age, eloped from Nicholson, lately to join a circus. The mother, following up the show, found that the men who had induced the girls to leave home had been discharged, and had gone off with their victims no one knew where.

C. S. RUSSELL sunk an artesian well on his farm in Shenango, Bradford county, last Spring, and a volume of water large enough to supply a good-sized town now flows from it, and, what is better, the water is said to be strongly impregnated with minerals, and possesses remarkable medicinal properties.

ON Tuesday morning a stranger committed suicide in one of the rooms at the National House, at York, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol while lying in bed. The stranger made his appearance at the hotel on Monday, shortly after one o'clock. He registered his name as "Z. D. Palmer, Cleveland."

THE loss by the destruction by fire of Brown & Son's foundry at Brookville, last week, will exceed fifty thousand dollars, on which there was an insurance of fifteen thousand. In addition to above, A. Stella, proprietor of the Brookville House, will lose two thousand dollars; no insurance. John Stella, of Barr loses one hundred; no insurance.

A FATAL accident occurred on Tuesday at Pittston in No. 4 shaft of the Pennsylvania coal company's mines. Richard Maloney and John Hefferan were at work in the chamber, when a noise in the roof overhead startled them and they tried to escape, but the falling roof caught them, killing Maloney on the spot and injuring Hefferan it is thought fatally.

CHARLES YOHO, a lad of about 12 years, was drowned in Pigeon Iron Co.'s Canal Saturday evening, 26th ult. He had been out with a party of boys picking cherries, and on their return concluded to take a bath in the canal. Yoho got beyond his depth and being unable to swim was drowned. One of his companions took his kettle of cherries home to his parents and informed them of their son's untimely end.

A CARPENTER named Henry Monfalk, while weatherboarding at the house of Jacob Kensinger, in Addison township, Somerset county, fell from the scaffolding to the ground, a distance of about twenty feet. He was immediately picked up and conveyed into the house, and a physician hastily summoned, but the unfortunate man only lingered a few moments, when death relieved him from his sufferings. The deceased was seventy-two years of age, and was highly respected in that community.

AN old lady who died a few days ago in the northeastern part of this county, demanded while on her death bed that two of her sons, who owed her a certain sum of money each, should pay their indebtedness, inasmuch as she expected to die and wished to apply the money to liquidate her funeral expenses. With this request one of the sons, it is said, not only declined to comply, but when his brother was in the act of handing over the amount due from him, he grasped the money and positively refused to return it. Subsequently at the funeral, as if to add insult to injury, the grasping son helped to fill up the mother's grave in the church yard—a proceeding never before dreamed of, in our philosophy.—*Cambria Freeman.*

A MAN NAMED Jacob Bryan, employed at Ray's Steam Tannery, at Latrobe, while doing some work in the tannery leech room, on Thursday morning, was caught on a shaft that was running at the rate of one hundred and fifty revolutions per minute. The unfortunate man was literally torn to pieces. His body was severed in twain immediately below the breast. From the knees down both legs were mutilated into an unrecognizable mass of flesh and bones. One of his arms was completely torn off, and the back of his head crushed in. Bryan was aged fifty-four years and leaves a family and ten children, several of whom are grown up. He resided on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, about one mile west of Tyrone station.

A GENUINE case of intended kidnapping has just come to light in Reading. The would-be child-stealers were men, and were of counterfeit guise. Their intended victim was Willie Bridegam, the youngest son of a wholesale and retail tin-ware dealer. The *Eagle* gives the rest of the story as follows: The man crossed over and deliberately picked up the child and endeavored to again cross the street with the boy. A house-dog noticing this strange transaction, barked and ran after the party. The child commenced to cry and scream, and as it fortunately happened an alley gate was open, which allowed the noise more readily to be heard by the members of Mr. Bridegam's family, who rushed out just in time to see the man drop the child and hurry off down the street. This was on Monday evening, and since then the men have been seen in that locality.

THE Bedford *Inquirer* says a very pious fellow has been playing a trick on the Everett people. His was selling "a choice article of grape," having samples of the grape in a bottle. He made several sales. On Sunday he entered the pulpit and preached. Mr. Ebbert, of that place, went to hear him, and recognized the strange minister as a party who had spent two weeks at Uniontown College, and decamped to save himself from arrest on charges of the grossest libertinism. Mr. E. informed several others of what he knew of the fellow, and while at tea, a gentleman went into his room and abstracted one of his grapes from his sample bottle, which proved to be a half-grown gage, or egg plum. He was confronted by his patrons and beat a hasty retreat. His name is J. C. Hoffman, is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches tall, a heavy build, dark curly hair, beard on his chin, dark piercing eyes, dark complexion. This description is given, we presume, for the benefit of the public at large

Population and Representation.

The Philadelphia *Press* publishes as "food for thought" the following table, showing the distribution of population in the different States, and their representatives in the Senate:

WITH SIXTEEN SENATORS.			
Massachusetts	1,457,351	Indiana	1,680,637
New York	4,382,759	Missouri	1,721,295
Pennsylvania	3,521,951	Kentucky	1,351,011
Ohio	2,665,260		
Illinois	2,539 891	Total	19,290,155
WITH FIFTY-EIGHT SENATORS.			
Tennessee	1,258,520	Connecticut	537,454
Virginia	1,225,163	Arkansas	484,471
Iowa	1,194 020	West Virginia	442 014
Georgia	1,184,109	Minnesota	439,706
Michigan	1,184 059	Kansas	364,399
N Carolina	1,071 361	Vermont	330,551
Wisconsin	1,054,670	N. Hamshire	318 300
Alabama	996 9 2	Rhode Island	217 353
New Jersey	906 096	Florida	187,748
Mississippi	827,922	Delaware	125 015
Texas	818,579	Nebraska	122,992
Maryland	780,894	Oregon	99,923
Louisiana	726,915	Nevada	42,491
S. Carolina	705 606		
Maine	626 915	Total	18,846,486
California	560,247		

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE TILTON LIBEL.

The Case Again Postponed.

Card from the Chairman of the Investigating Committee.

NEW YORK, August 3, 1874.

The Libel Case.

The Third District Court room in Brooklyn was again crowded this morning by those anxious to observe the changing phase of the Beecher-Tilton scandal. When the ordinary routine business of the Court had been disposed of, Justice Reilly called the libel case of Gaynor versus Tilton, instituted last week, and read the following decision: "I entertained the complaint in this case and issued a warrant against the defendant; believed it to be my duty to do so; had no knowledge of the complainant or his position in the matter. The defendant was arrested on that warrant, and appeared before me, personally and by counsel, and complainant also appeared at the same time, when it was admitted by complainant, and thus made known to me for the first time that the complaint was not made with the knowledge or consent of the person alleged to have been libelled. Now, while it is true that libel is a public offense, it is also true that it is such offense because of the private injury it inflicts upon the individual libeled. Complaints of this kind usually originate with the person assailed, although it is not always absolutely essential that this should be so, and many cases occur where third persons may interfere without incurring odium or censure of any kind. As the public offense, however, consists in injury done or threatened to the individual, it is hardly consistent with legal principles to assume a crime from any composition or publication, however virulent, when the person therein mentioned, who is generally supposed to be the best judge of what affects his own reputation, declines or omits to prosecute therefor. The person mentioned in the publication complained of is a citizen of Brooklyn, to whom the Courts are as accessible as to the complainant in this case. He has not seen fit to make any complaint and does not unite in this prosecution. I have concluded at this stage of the case that it is my duty to dismiss the complaint, not because the complainant did not have the right to make it, but because the person alleged to have been libeled does not now unite in this prosecution. But, as I may be wrong in my view of the law, I will incur no risk of error in the matter. I shall not, therefore, dismiss it now, but give notice that I will do so at Wednesday morning next, at ten o'clock, to which time this case stands adjourned. My object in thus postponing the final decision is to afford the complainant an opportunity to apply to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel me to proceed, if I err in refusing. In this event I shall cheerfully perform whatever may be regarded as my duty in the premises, otherwise I shall terminate the case as I have already stated."

When Judge Reilly had finished reading his decision, Mr. Gaynor said: "Does your honor hold that under the law, I have no right to this complaint?"

Judge Reilly replied, that inasmuch as he was not supported by the party libeled he had prepared this decision, and would dismiss the complaint on Wednesday next if no other steps were taken by the complainant.

The Count Johannes here rose to speak, but ex Judge Morris, counsel for Mr. Tilton, objected to the Court hearing anything he had to say. The Court agreed with the counsel, and formally adjourned to Wednesday.

Card from the Chairman of the Investigating Committee.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* this afternoon publishes the following card from H. W. Sage, Chairman of the Investigating Committee in the Beecher-Tilton case:

"The Plymouth Church Investigating Committee earnestly request that all persons who have been invited to testify before them on the matter now under examination appear before them to-morrow (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, as that will probably be the last meeting of the committee for the reception of testimony."

The Investigation Continued.

The Beecher Investigating Committee continued its session this evening. Six witnesses were examined, consisting of four gentlemen and two ladies. Two of the witnesses were understood to be Mrs. and Mr. Beach, friends of Mr. Beecher, whose residence adjoins his farm at Peekskill. The other lady was closely veiled, and could not be identified after leaving the house. She was accompanied by Mr. Ovington to the residence of Mr. Beecher. The other witness' names could not be ascertained.

Mrs. Tilton's cross examination will be made public to-morrow. It was instated that Mr. Beecher or Mr. Moulton will testify before the committee to-morrow evening, when it is believed the examination will be concluded. Frank Carpenter has concluded not to appear before the committee, and will write a letter giving reasons for his refusal to testify.

The Missing Witness Found.

GLOUCESTER, MASS., August 3.—Frank Moulton, the mutual friend of Beecher and Tilton, is the guest of General B. F. Butler at Bayview.

NEW YORK.

Conference of Railway Representatives.

Walworth Committed to a Lunatic Asylum.

NEW YORK, August 3, 1874.

Conference of Railway Representatives.

The conference between the railroad representatives at Saratoga has decided that equitable and uniform freight and passenger rates should be charged, and the principle of cut throat competition is condemned as unworthy of corporations and injurious to their prosperity. The idea was favored of an umpire or arbitrator at each of the different railroad centres, such as New York, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and elsewhere, whose duty will be to take testimony, and, so far as it may be in their power, to settle all questions on equitable and inexpensive terms. The general plan of the representatives was to effect a permanent organization and some measure to stand united against opposition, which appears to be destroying and undermining their interests.

General Devereux, President of the A. & G. W., who was Chairman of the meeting, says that the meeting was one of the most harmonious he ever attended. There was no friction, there was unity of interest, and just now there appeared to be special reasons for a conference of the central corporations. There was no intention to combine for any illegitimate purpose, but it was essential that measures should be taken to protect the interests committed to their care. He believed that the railroad companies in their late conference had accomplished a great deal of good. There would be less friction, less bitterness and a greater degree of unanimity in their relations to one another.

President Jacob D. Cox, of the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad, said that the meeting was called less for the purpose of ratifying rates than of maintaining present prices, and providing against the unbridled system of commissions, rebates and drawbacks which were in vogue and which drained the resources and vitals of corporations. He had no doubt that the effect of the conference would be very beneficial.

The *Tribune* says on this subject: "The Railroad Conference at Saratoga was called like one which lately held its session here, for the ostensible purpose of making combinations to facilitate transportation and establish uniform freight and passenger rates. The report of the proceedings will indicate to many that the roads have really combined to resist what they look upon as a forthcoming encroachment of the western grangers."

Walworth in a Lunatic Asylum.

Under the recommendation of the Board of Physicians, Frank Walworth, the parricide, has been removed to the State Asylum for insane convicts.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Postal Car Controversy.

PHILADELPHIA, August 3.—The following is the latest on the postal car controversy:

"PHILADELPHIA August 3.—J. W. Marshall, Postmaster General: I have your telegrams of the 19 h and 21st. If your agent puts mails into our cars at Washington, New York or elsewhere, we shall consider the act as an order to carry the mails on our road at the rates which **we have given you.** If you cannot pay those rates do not let your agents put any mail into any of our cars and then plead ignorance of the obligations the Postoffice Department is under in consequence. I shall not refuse to carry the mails at present.

[Signed] "ISAAC HINCKLEY, "President."

Another Reservoir Disaster.

TRENTON, N. J., August 3.—The main reservoir which supplies this city with water gave way this afternoon, and sent about 20,000,000 gallons of water over the city and down Pennington avenue with a mighty rush, filling the cellars of most houses for a quarter of a mile. The breach is in the south end of the reservoir, and is about twenty-five feet wide at the top. There was no damage done aside from the filling of cellars and carrying away fencing. It was caused from the leakage of an old pipe which was left imbedded in the soil when the new reservoir was built.

Suicide of "Lord" Gordon.

FORT GARRY, MANITOBA, August 3.—Lord Gordon shot himself on Saturday last at his residence at Headingly, in this province. Two English deserters arrested him, and he promised to go quietly with them if they would not go through the United States. While in his room preparing for the journey he blew out his brains.

FOREIGN.

An Italian Frigate Ordered to the Spanish Coast.

Protest from Roman Catholic Bishops in Germany.

SPAIN.

Troops for Cuba.

LONDON, August 3.—The Spanish Government is about to despatch 12,000 additional troops to Cuba.

Reported Carlist Outrage.

It is asserted that Carlists have shot the Canon of the Diocese of Vitoria.

The Republicans in Olot.

MADRID, August 3.—The Republican forces have entered Olot. They met with no opposition. The Carlists fled, leaving behind them one hundred prisoners.

The Neutrality Question.

PARIS, August 3.—The *Le Temps* says Germany and England have arrived at a complete understanding on the Spanish question, and hereafter no complaint will be made if British ships conveying contraband of war to Carlists are seized.

GERMANY.

Protest From Roman Catholic Bishops.

LONDON, August 3.—It is reported from Berlin that the Roman Catholic Bishops have forwarded to the Government a protest declaring that they cannot submit to one-sided laws, and claiming that legislative power in matters concerning the Church belongs to the Pope alone.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Squadron for Barcelona.

LONDON, August 3.—The British Mediterranean squadron will leave Malta to-morrow for Barcelona.

Public Worship Regulation.

LONDON, August 3.—The public worship regulation bill passed its third reading in the House of Commons this evening.

ITALY.

A Frigate for the Spanish Coast.

LONDON, August 3.—An Italian frigate has been ordered to the northern coast of Spain.

POLITICAL.

Election in Utah.

SALT LAKE, August 3.—The election for Delegate to Congress, county and town officers took place to-day. Geo. Q. Cannon, the late Delegate to Congress, has been renominated by the Mormons, notwithstanding the declaration of Congress that hereafter no polygamist would be allowed to take his seat. The Liberal party nominate as Delegate R. W. Baskin. There will be a strong vote cast, as every effort has been made by the Mormons and Liberals to poll a full vote. The women are generally voting. The Mormon ticket will no doubt be successful in all but a few mining towns.

Later.—There has been considerable disturbance during the election of to day at this place and adjoining towns on account of disputes as to the qualifications of voters, the challenges having been liberal. During the afternoon a Deputy United States Marshal here was arrested and confined, but afterwards liberated on a writ of *habeas corpus*. Several policemen were arrested during the day by Deputy Marshals, and at one time there was a general fight between officers and officers. At the Central precinct, after the closing of the polls this evening, Peter Clinton, Judge of Election of the Central precinct and late Police Judge, and several more policemen were arrested by the United States Marshal. The charge against Clinton is that he carried off the ballot box at noon when he went to dinner; that against the police is interfering with voters at the polls or creating a disturbance. An immense crowd followed Judge Clinton to the Territorial Marshal's office, and a riot seemed imminent, when Governor Wood addressed the assembled crowd, which dispersed. No more trouble is anticipated. The result of the election cannot be learned this evening.

Election in Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, KY., August 3.—The election to-day passed off without disturbance. A full vote was taken, and the entire Democratic ticket elected by majorities varying from 200 to 400. The vote in the city shows a Democratic majority of 487, against 819 at the last election. The Democratic majority in the county is reported at 800. In Jessamine county the Democratic ticket is reported as elected by sixty majority.

LOUISVILLE, August 3.—Reports from the State indicate that John Marshall, Democratic nominee for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, has beaten Cochran, Independent, by a large majority. In this city the Democrats probably carry everything, though the negro candidates for two of the offices are running very close.

Democratic Congressional Convention in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, WY., August 3.—Colonel Wm. R. Steele, the present Delegate in Congress, was renominated by the Democratic Convention at Evanston to day.

Election in Indiana.

EVANSVILLE, IND., August 3.—A special to the *Journal* from Owensboro announces an exciting time in that city to day over the election of Trippett, for County Judge, by three hundred majority in the city; Jones, for Appelate Clerk, has eight hundred and eighty of a majority.

Democratic Congressional Convention in the Second Pennsylvania District.

PHILADELPHIA, August 3.—The Democratic Convention of the Second District nominated Benj. Bush for Congress.

SPORTING NEWS.

NEW YORK, August 3, 1874.

The Races.

SARATOGA, August 3.—The races postponed on Saturday were run to day. The track was rather heavy, owing to the heavy and continuous rain of Saturday and Sunday mornings. The first race was a free handicap for all ages, for a purse of $500. There were ten starters, Fadladeen, Jean Valjean, Minnie Mac, B F Carrer, Woodbine, Diavail, Dublin, Madge, Lotta, Moon and Botany Bay. The race was won by Madge, Fadladeen second and Botany Bay third. Time, 1:46¾.

The second race was for a purse of $500, 2½ miles. The betting before the race was five dollars to one dollar on Springbok against Mate, but the start Mate got off first, but at the end Springbok was leading two lengths, and continued in front till the finish, wioning easily by fully a length. Time, 3:56.

The third was a handicap hurdle race, for a purse of $650, two miles, eight hurdles; four started, Limestone, Daylight, Vesuvius and Aerolite. The race was won by Limestone, Vesuvius second, Daylight third. Aerolite bolted at the third hurdle. Time, 4:07¾.

Cricket.

LONDON August 3.—The playing at the Lords' Cricket Ground, including a game of cricket between Marylebone eleven and twenty two of Americans, commenced this afternoon. The Americans won the toss and seat the English men to the bats. Four of them were out for forty-two runs, when the game was adjourned for lunch. About five thousand spectators were on the ground. The playing of the Americans was much admired and cries of "well stopped!" "Beautifully fielded!" were heard on all sides and general. The English confess that the American base ball players are superior to the English cricketers in fielding.

Base Ball.

LONDON, August 3.—At Manchester, on Saturday, the Athletic Base Ball Club beat the Red Stockings by a score of 13 to 12. The game lasted two hours. The concourse of spectators was large and appreciative. Before the game commenced the players explained the method of laying out the ground, and exhibitions of throwing and catching the ball. The assemblage appeared to understand the game, and there was some betting on the result after the second inning.

The game of base ball commenced at 3 o'clock, Beals, of the Boston club, acting as umpire. The Red Stockings won the game by score of 24 to 7. The batting of the Red Stockings was very fine, while the fielding of the Athletics was generally rather poor.

There were six thousand spectators on the ground, and both base ball and cricket playing excited the greatest enthusiasm. After the game of base ball was finished, the adjourned game of cricket was resumed and played until a late hour in the afternoon, when it was again adjourned, to be resumed to-morrow. When the play was suspended the Marylebone club had scored eighty-eight runs and had lost five wickets. There will also be another game of base ball played at three o'clock to-morrow. The gate money, one shilling entrance, was given to the Americans.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 11 A. M., August 4, 1874.

Probabilities for To-day.

In New England, the Middle States and the lower lake region the barometer will continue rising, with northwest to northeast winds, and clear or partly cloudy and cool weather.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, August 3, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was clear, thermometer 75; Cincinnati, fair, thermometer 71; Fort Sully, D. T., threatening, thermometer 77; Indianapolis, Ind., fair, thermometer 66; Keokuk, Iowa, clear, thermometer 71; Leavenworth, Ks., clear, thermometer 79; Louisville, Ky., clear, thermometer 78; Memphis, Tennessee, clear, thermometer 78; Nashville, Tenn., clear, thermometer 79; Pittsburgh, Pa., clear, thermometer 61; Shreveport, La., clear, thermometer 86; St. Louis, Mo., clear, thermometer 74; Yorkstown, Miss., cloudy, thermometer 81; Yankton, D. T., clear, thermometer 73; Fort Gibson, clear, thermometer 82.

GEO. H. BOHR, Observer.

THE CAPITAL.

The Postal Car Question.

July Treasury Disbursements.

WASHINGTON, August 3, 1874.

The Postal Car Question

still remains unsettled, Hinckley, in consequence of the presence of agents in Philadelphia, having waived the execution of his threat to withdraw the cars another day. On Saturday Hinckley addressed a letter to the Postmaster General, which has been published, and supplemented it by the following telegram:

"WEST PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—J. W. Marshall, Postmaster General:—I have your telegrams. I shall not refuse to take the mails tomorrow if you send them to our station, for your act in asking us to carry the mails will be our assurance that you mean to pay us our price. I leave you free to decide the question as to employing our services or not. You, of course, will not employ them unless you mean to pay for them.

"ISAAC HINCKLEY,
"President P. W. & B. R. R. Co."

Postmaster General Marshall replied to-day as follows:

"Your telegram is received in which you say you will not refuse mails if sent to your station. If you receive or carry them it must be only on the terms of this law. Under no circumstances can or will the Department, directly or impliedly, undertake or assume to pay a greater compensation than the law allows."

Postmasters Appointed.

The following postmasters have been appointed: John Alger, at Flint, Michigan; John H. Heisel, at Brunswick, Missouri; James Ruth, at Lansing, Iowa, and Francis M. Lyon, at Streator, Illinois.

Treasury Disbursements During July.

The payments made from the Treasury Department during July were as follows:

Civil and miscellaneous	$7,665,672
War	3,173 936
Navy	2,728,272
Interior, Pensions and Indians	2,943 496
Total	$16,516,376

The above is exclusive of payments on account of the principal and interest of the public debt.

THE INDIANS.

News from Gen. Custar's Expedition.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, August 3.—A dispatch from Ft. Sully states that four Indian runners arrived at the Cheyenne agency to-day direct from the hostile camp in the Black Hills. They saw General Custar's command in the camp near Bear Butte, at the foot of the Black Hills, on the evening of July 31st. They report that the hostile Indians knew nothing of Custar's expedition, were peaceably disposed, and wanted to come into the agencies to trade.

Attempt to Assassinate Bishop Whipple.

ST. PAUL, MINN., August 3.—At Faribault, yesterday, in the Bishop's cathedral, an insane divinity student, named Nims, attempted to assassinate Bishop Whipple. Just before the sermon Nims advanced rapidly to the chancel, but before a pistol which he held in his hand was discharged, the Bishop seized the man and forced him into a chair, when he was disarmed. The cause of the attempt was the refusal of the Bishop to ordain Nims a preacher, because of his unsound mind.

RELIEVING THE SUFFERERS.

The Donations of Cash and Clothing Still Coming In.

The donations of cash and clothing for the sufferers by the flood are still coming in at Allegheny headquarters,—although these are plenty of applicants for all relief that can be extended. The suffering people having gotten over the first exciitements are really beginning to tell the plochings of destitution, and some who are first were prone to accept relief, now accept this temporary assistance. Especially is there activity in the clothing department, and yesterday Mr. Harry Campbell had to call in assistance. The call was responded to by Mrs. Bryce Kay, Mrs. McEwen and Mrs. Borland, who were kept busy in giving attention to those who called for relief.

The following donations have been received in this department since our last report:

Mrs. John Way, Sewickly, one package clothing; J. T. Schroeder, 57 Wood street, three packages clothing; Unknown, two packages clothing; Mrs. T. H. Denny, one package clothing; Miss Lander, one package clothing; Mrs Anna Sharp, one package clothing; Mrs. D. R. Hostetter, one package clothing; Mrs. A. W. Marshall, two packages clothing; J. W. Drape, one package clothing, Unknown, one package clothing; Mrs. Hoffstot, one package clothing; Miss Emma Johnston, 16 Pine street, Allegheny, one package clothing; E. S. Johnston, one package clothing; Mrs. J. Haworth, one package cloth ing; Hogge & Buhl, one dozen shawls, one dozen woolen skirts. Unknown, one package clothing. Mrs. McEodery, one package of clothing. Mrs. E. Wright, three packages of clothing. Mrs. Reider, one package of clothing Mrs. J. S. Davidson, one package of clothing Unknown, one package of clothing. L. C. Duff, one package of clothing. Mrs. Kramer two packages of clothing. John G. Boser, three pairs men's new shoes. Mrs. M. W. Atchison, one package of clothing. Unknown, one package of clothing. Mrs. Dahlin, one package of clothing. Miss Dahlin, one package of clothing. Mrs. Gibson, one package of clothing. E. S. Anner, one package of clothing. Mrs. Captain Stockdale, one package of clothing Jacob Rosenzweig, one valuable lot of men's boots, shoes, &c.

TROUBLES OF THE RELIEF COMMITTEE.

The Relief Committee have a good deal of trouble, occasioned by parties applying for relief who either do not need relief or have lost little or nothing by the flood. Several cases of imposters have already come to their notice, and it requires a good deal of labor and trouble to ascertain in some cases whether relief is needed or not.

LIME WANTED.

Last evening Mr. Wm. M. Clancy, who is assisting Capt. Tyson in the flooded district, suggested to the Relief Committee that they ask for donations of lime, and if any lie around about a half bushel be given to each family in the district to whitewash their cellars and fences, as many of them are too poor to be able to purchase the lime. He also suggested that as there is no lack of water in the district, people are required to go to work every day, and are unable therefore to clean up their cellars and premises that he be allowed to take 20 or 30 men and go to such places and clean them up. No action was taken upon the suggestions, as although they are both as good sanitary measures on behalf of the city.

In the flooded district at Butcher's Run the appearance of affairs has not materially changed. Captain Tyson and Mr. Clancy are still wending away with their gangs and are gradually getting matters to rights. Spring Garden avenue was the headquarters for a large gang yesterday, which cleaned the rubbish from the street in a lively manner. The people are allowed to throw all the dirt from their premises upon the street, and the gangs then remove it. The street committee will take a look over the ground soon to find out what further is needed to bring the district, so far as their authority is concerned, back to a proper condition.

SMITHFIELD SAVINGS BANK, PITTSBURGH.

The following contributors were left with Cashier Scott, of this bank:

Johnson, Colvin & Co., $100; E. P. Jones Esq., $50; Wm. Elliston, $5; Cash (G. C.) $2; Andrew Burns, $20; J. Shidle & Son, $25; A. G. McCandless, $25; C. W. Hubbard, $20; Cash (C. H. J.) $5; Allen C. Kerr, $10; J. Guy McCandless, $10; R. B. Petty, $10; Jno. Thoma, $5; Hy. Kleber, $25; R. C. Patterson, $10; W. G. Taylor, $5; Robert Morris, $1; Mrs. M C. Forster, $5; Evan Jones, $20; Money found (E. P. Jones,) $2; Proceeds of fair held by 3 little girls and 1 little boy on Mt. Washington, $6; Dr. Geo. Woods, $10; Mrs. Mary Prowell $2; Mrs. Jno. Bachtler, $2; Monigomery & Co., $20; Geo. Wamhoff, $15. Total, $470.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.

F. W. Shalecka $5; Rudolph Pott $10; Wm. Beals, of the Boston club, acting as umpire. The Red Stockings won the game by score of 24 to 7. The batting of the Red Stockings was very fine, while the fielding of the Athletics was generally rather poor.

There were six thousand spectators on the ground, and both base ball and cricket playing excited the greatest enthusiasm. After the game of base ball was finished, the adjourned game of cricket was resumed and played until a late hour in the afternoon, when it was again adjourned, to be resumed to-morrow. When the play was suspended the Marylebone club had scored eighty-eight runs and had lost five wickets. There will also be another game of base ball played at three o'clock to-morrow. The gate money, one shilling entrance, was given to the Americans.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 11 A. M., August 4, 1874.

Probabilities for To-day.

In New England, the Middle States and the lower lake region the barometer will continue rising, with northwest to northeast winds, and clear or partly cloudy and cool weather.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, August 3, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was clear, thermometer 75; Cincinnati, fair, thermometer 71; Fort Sully, D. T., threatening, thermometer 77; Indianapolis, Ind., fair, thermometer 66; Keokuk, Iowa, clear, thermometer 71; Leavenworth, Ks., clear, thermometer 79; Louisville, Ky., clear, thermometer 78; Memphis, Tennessee, clear, thermometer 78; Nashville, Tenn., clear, thermometer 79; Pittsburgh, Pa., clear, thermometer 61; Shreveport, La., clear, thermometer 86; St. Louis, Mo., clear, thermometer 74; Yorkstown, Miss., cloudy, thermometer 81; Yankton, D. T., clear, thermometer 73; Fort Gibson, clear, thermometer 82.

GEO. H. BOHR, Observer.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····The police were paid off yesterday.

····The District Court will be in session today.

····The Allegheny Board of School Control, will hold a regular monthly meeting this evening.

····Cholera infantum takes the lead in fatal diseases just now. Last week 25 feel victims to it in Allegheny.

····The death list in Allegheny, last week, comprised 33 victims exclusive of those who were drowned in the flood.

····The new steam fire engine ordered for the Ninth ward, Allegheny, will arrive about the middle of next month.

····Ortwein gives outward evidence of an inward repentance for the awful crime for which he shall soon lose his life from the scaffold.

····The estimate for work done on the new engines for the Water Works during the month of July, will probably aggregate $40,624. 64.

····The Street Commissioners are kept unusually busy these days with repairing the ruts and cuts left on our thoroughfares by the late disastrous storm.

····The Police Committee met last nigh', and a sufficient number of signatures having been appended to the pay roll, the policemen will be paid off to day.

····Yesterday Conrad Franz was granted letters of administration on the estate of John Hufnagel, of the Third ward, Allegheny, who was drowned in the flood.

····The committee appointed to investigate the charges made by Contractor Howard against Mechanical Engineer Lowry will commence work on Thursday evening.

····The Grocers Association will meet tomorrow evening at City Hall to dispose of $360 in the treasury. There is talk of turning it over to the sufferers by the flood.

····The gentle steer perambulated North avenue, Allegheny, yesterday, but no fatalities are recorded—every pedestrian who was pursued managing to get out of the way.

····September 24 is the last day upon which a person can be assessed to enable him to vote in November. Sixty-one days, instead of ten days, are now required before election.

····Of the persons drowned by the flood at Butchers' and Spring Garden runs, in Allegheny, twenty-seven were members of the German Catholic church on Liberty street, in that city.

····The new engine "Tom Rees" was tried yesterday on the Allegheny wharf, and threw water very satisfactorily, but a key in the machinery coming loose, the trial had to be discontinued.

····Returns of the receipts for the month of July have been made to the County Courtoller by the county officers as follows: Sheriff, $2,-195. 87; Clerk of Orphans' Court, 212 40; Coroner, $278 25; Prothonotary, $2,439.65.

····D. O'Connell and Wm. Bracken had a hearing yesterday before the Mayor, on a charge of having robbed a Penn avenue saloon on Saturday last. Being required to enter bail for a further hearing O'Donnell secured the amount, but Bracken went to jail.

····The argument on the motion for an injunction against the Columbia Conduit Company, now pending in the Butler county courts, has been fixed for Thursday next. The company has completed its main line of pipe from Millers'own to Montrose, on the West Penn Railroad, a distance of thirty-two miles.

····According to the report of "Old Prob"—not an infallible prognosticator but a correct historian of the weather—Pittsburgh is the coolest city in the country. If we had more parks and shade trees we might invite attention to the old smoky town as a place of resort during the heated term for the heat sweltering denizens of other cities.

····The ice men have commenced to reduce the price of their commodity, seeing that August so far out into Summer affords such cool weather. Their stocks are not generally very large, but much too heavy for early overside prices for the next month, so that the high price of two cent per pound cannot with safety be maintained during the short season left for sale.

····Yesterday morning the Temperance Alliances held a meeting at the Alliance Rooms, President Rafe in the chair. Mr. Joseph H. Turner, chairman of the committee appointed to secure the publication of the appeal in the religious papers reported that they had accomplished that object. The committee was then instructed to have the appeal published in the secular press. No other business was transacted.

····The Praise service in the Arch street M. E. Church, on Saturday evening, was a decided success, and very enjoyable. The choir of the church, which is under the direction of Prof. Walter B. Black, consists of Misses Addie Rogers, Mollie Royal, Mollie White, Lizzie White, Willie Rogers, Annie M. Hemphill, Messrs. Beaver, Callahan and Ferguson. It takes rank among our best "unpaid" church choirs.

····Under the head of "Society Items," the *Bedford Daily Gazette* reports the peculiarities of the ladies visiting Bedford Springs this present season as follows: The ladies of Pittsburgh, be blackest city in the Union, wear the most white. The Baltimoreans sport the most costly jewelry. Philadelphia girls are the most lively in conversation. Allegheny City furnishes the largest number of girls. Harrisburg damsels pride themselves on good blood. The New York fair ones lace the tightest. Cumberland ladies are the most independent. Pittsburgh furnishes the best female drivers.

PERSONAL.

····Mr. H. S. Delmore, of the U. S. Navy, is at the Monongahela House.

····Clerk of the Courts McCleary is back from his summer vacation, and in the traces again.

····Mr. Thomas K. Cree, late Secretary of the Indian Peace Commission, is home in Pittsburgh again.

····Rev. Dr. W. B. Watkins of this city, is putting up at Put-in-Bay, at the Lakeside camp meeting.

····Judge O. B. McFadden, of Washington Territory, who has been lying ill for several weeks at the St. Charles Hotel, is rapidly convalescing.

····Mr. George M. Alexander is once more gilding his graceful pen over the books at the Commissioner's office, a pleasant

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 97⅞.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 25½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 109¼.

A CLOUD BURST, somewhat similar to that in Allegheny, is reported in the vicinity of Salt Lake City.

YOUNG WALWORTH is pronounced insane. It is to be hoped that this may have been the real cause of his terrible crime. Yet we hope he will not be released because of this discovery, until his prison sentence expires.

SENATOR FENTON, of New York, is spoken of as the possible candidate of the Republicans for the Governorship of New York. The Convention will not be held until late in September, and the canvass will be short and determined.

THE Democrats of the Beaufort district, North Carolina, have renominated salary-grabber Alfred M. Waddell, for Congress, and are conducting the canvass on the basis of appeals against the colored race. The Republicans are contesting his election, and the word from the district is, "the Republican party is certain of victory."

A CORNER in the Chicago grain market, involving an advance of twenty-five cents a bushel in the price of corn and oats, has just been completed, to the sorrow of those who were "short." But as only gamblers were injured, while the farmers who were so fortunate as to sell at the right time were the gainers, we do not see that any sorrow need be expended on the subject.

ALL THE indications point to an unusually active canvass this Fall, in all the States where other than Congressional elections are to be held. In New York, Massachusetts, and New Jersey, especially, an unusually animated, if not bitter contest will be had. As yet, the look is favorable to the Republican ticket, if prudence shall govern in the selection of candidates.

THE Greys have had a term of out door camp life experience, and are now restored to their homes and the quietude of private life. It is agreeable to know that the term of encampment was pleasantly spent, and that the military exercises indulged were of a beneficial nature. These Summer encampments are of the nature of healthful recreations, combined with such military experiences and drills as serve to give them a better training for soldier life. We compliment all interested on the success of the recent encampment.

THE Alabama Democracy are badly struck with negrophobia. No less than three resolutions in the platform are given to this subject, beside allusions made to it in other resolutions. Republicans are accused of inflaming the passions and prejudices of the blacks against the whites; the Civil Rights Bill is defined as an attempt on the part of Congress to seize upon schools, colleges, churches, and every thing else in behalf of the blacks. Finally "our race, in every clime," is invited to come and settle in Alabama. We hope it will,—as it is better that all the element capable of such stupidity should get together, and form one conglomerate mass.

THE President continues, this Summer, the policy which has distinguished him since his election to the Presidency, of visiting various places in the country and holding familiar intercourse with the people. While this has been ridiculed, more or less, by opposition journals, it has been regarded by thoughtful persons as a very commendable quality on the part of the President. He not only extends his acquaintance, but familiarizes himself with the necessities of the country and the views of the people, and thus fits himself for independent judgment on many important subjects. The tours thus made result in information, and are popular with the people.

GOVERNOR AMES, of Mississippi, informally called on the President for troops to prevent riots at the approaching election at Vicksburg. The President very properly refused to answer the call, because informally made. But there was nothing in it that prevented his obtaining troops by making the call in a proper manner. Yet the entire affair is given a political turn by journals that either do not realize what they are talking of, or else prefer to see the colored people maltreated than have order enforced by the use of the United States troops. We do not feel a very profound sympathy for the ex-rebel element of Mississippi.

ONE RESULT of the Poland law, requiring libels on members of Congress to be punished under the common law in force in the District of Columbia, has been to have those laws unearthed. One requires the punishment of those who deny the divinity of Christ, the Holy Ghost, or the Godhead of either person of the Trinity, by having the tongue bored for the first offense, branded in the forehead for the second offense, and hanged for the third. We do not see why the press should not apply this law to members of Congress who may yield at times to a profane word. This would be an offset for prosecutions under the new libel law.

THE Railroad Presidents, in council at Saratoga, are said to have agreed on rates of freight that are fairly remunerative, and on a system that will save them the annoyance of rebates and other depleting arrangements, if the agreement is rigidly adhered to. The surprise is that when these arrangements are made, they are so often secretly broken, when it is perfectly certain that the favors granted will be known within twenty-four hours to the rest. Could our railway companies get rid of lines that are now run over their roads under special lump contracts, they could serve the general public more cheaply, and make more money for the stockholders. Why not stick to rates?

JUDGE RILEY yesterday announced his purpose to dismiss the Gaynor case of libel against Tilton, because Beecher, the party in interest, refused to join the prosecution. While admitting the legal right of a third party to institute a suit for libel, he assumed that where the party injured did not indicate a belief that he was injured, by joining in the prosecution, public interests did not require the Court to entertain a complaint. In order to admit of an appeal to the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus to compel him to try the case, he deferred the final decision till Wednesday next, but gave notice that at that time he should dismiss the case if not compelled to try it. We are gratified at this decision, as a very important principle of legal practice was bound up in the affair. If a third and totally disinterested party may force persons into Court, there is no limit to the injury and annoyance that may be practiced. While theoretically, any person may have another arrested, the design of law is to right the wrongs of those who, as injured parties, may wish to avail themselves of its benefits. But were we to admit that any person, hearing of a scandal, may force unwilling parties into Court, we would open up a source of annoyance and persecution. We are gratified, therefore, for the precedent established by this decision.

THE responsibility for the delay in completing the testimony in the Beecher case, is attributed to Moulton and Beecher. Each demands that the other shall testify first. Why? is a very important query. If each proposes to tell the truth he need not delay for the other; but if the testimony of the final witness is to be gauged by that of the one just preceding, it is a game of hide and seek that looks very suspicious, to say the least. The press of the country is becoming quite unanimous in the view that Moulton is acting dishonorably, or else in conjunction with Beecher, while the latter has already injured his case by his long delay. While Tilton, Carpenter, Moulton, and all such have secured the contempt and disgust of all careful persons, Beecher, by his singular course, has done much toward placing himself on a level with them. He is certainly able to make a statement that will fully cover his side of the case. This done, and Moulton can skulk as long as he pleases; but this undone, and the case looks badly.

THIRTY years ago, an Englishman, Mr. Tooke, made a very careful estimate, based on data furnished by the English Government, as to the average price of wheat during a period of twenty-five or more years. The result shows that he placed the average too low,—the rate being twenty per cent. above his figures. This difference is accounted for by phlegmatic journals, on the theory that gold, within the thirty years mentioned, has increased in quantity, through the discovery and working of the California and Australian mines, and that therefore, wheat has made a relative advance in price. The New York *Tribune*, which ventilates this view, seems to aim to "bear" the wheat market, by claiming that the future prospects of this cereal are not good, as these causes have reached their limit. In all this, it entirely overlooks one of the most important elements involved in the discussion of this subject. The area of wheat growing lands, while not growing less, is constantly changing, and thus, the development of a new wheat growing region in the Northwest is not so much added to the wheat growing area of the world, as it is a change in the location of the wheat growing locality. No fact is better established than that the wheat growing area of the Eastern and Middle States has been growing less year by year. New England, New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio are producing but very limited quantities of wheat,—not sufficient to supply their own population. So in Europe,—if we except Hungary, the wheat growing lands are being exhausted. The Northwest is becoming the wheat growing region of the world, and there is little danger of an over-supply, and a consequent decline in price.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Fresh rumors come from Europe of complications between France and Germany, and peculiarly, on the same subject that created the war between those powers which resulted in Sedan and the downfall of the Empire. Spanish politics have taken in their range interests that affect both France and Germany, and, singularly in a way that is very similar to that which brought on the war of 1871. The fact that diplomatic differences have already resulted again shows that it was not so much Napoleon as the French people that were responsible for the recent war. But other and broader issues enter into the present trouble. Now, as under the Empire, France is the protector of the Pope. A vessel of war, permanently stationed at Civitta Vecchia, as a refuge for the Pope, has become so offensive to the Italian Government that a request has been addressed to the French Government to have it removed. The same principle enters into the Spanish trouble. The cause of French hostility to the Hohenzollern candidature was the fact that in addition to German supremacy in Spanish politics that would thus have been developed, a Protestant bias would also have been given to the administration in that country. The same elements have come to the front again. Don Carlos represents the Catholic or Papal side of the struggle in that country, and while Serrano is not particularly religious, the influences controlling him are German, hence Protestant. The French favor the claims of Don Carlos,—and thus, the two countries are again pitted, by their interests in Spanish politics, on religious questions. The intensity of feeling that has come to obtain with Bismarck as against ultramontanism, will not admit of his dealing in a gentle manner, with this subject. It is entirely probable that the notification of the Italian Government to Mac Mahon, to remove the French vessel from the Italian port nearest Rome is only one phase of the complication. Should these difficulties eventuate in open war, as they probably will not, the supremacy of Germany in Spain will be certain. And without it, moral influence may be given Serrano that will effectually end the Carlist war in Spain.

THE MILLENNIAL.

We have referred to the Millennial of Iceland to be celebrated in that cold, morassy, rocky, jagged country, during the present month. An unusual interest attaches to the event, and the ablest correspondents of the New York press have gone there to witness and record the exercises. A thousand years ago, that dreary and inhospitable land was settled, and there a republic, of model qualities, flourished for many years. The barren soil, and primitive life of the people served to repress all tendency to legislative extravagance, if such there was. The legislative body assembled in a vast natural amphitheatre, and enacted laws. In simple and primitive manner, devoutly following the instructions of their religious leaders, the people lived a plain, frugal life, and maintained the purity of the republic. Famines, desolations, and troubles eventually came, and they passed under the control of the Swedish government, and thus have continued.

The Millennial to be celebrated this year will be held at the Thingvalla, the old legislative assembling place, in the amphitheatre mentioned, and will consist of literary and other exercises appropriate to the occasion and the people. The capital, Reykjavik, will also be honored with a portion of the exercises. Altogether, it will be a grand occasion for the primitive people of that far-away land. The great world without has taken deep interest in the event, and large contributions of books and other gifts have been made, with a view of intimating the interest felt in the celebration about to be held. There is something unique in this event. The old heathen nations can date back farther than this, if we credit their chronologies, but of the modern nations none can, as nations, claim to be at all near the millennial celebration of their history. The chief value of this centennial is to celebrate an event although the people and the country have little else to be gratified over. The country is barren and poor, but the people are simple in their tastes and virtuous in their habits. The country can never be anything but poor, and the people live by fishing and by such slight attempts at agriculture as the soil and climate will permit. The Millennial will be an interesting event.

POLITICAL.

THE Blair county Democratic convention will be held on Monday, September 7.

GOVERNOR CARPENTER, of Iowa, is a genuine granger. He is now harvesting on his farm in Webster county.

OHIO is willing to take the contract for furnishing all the Presidential candidates that will be needed by the Democratic National Convention, and has already named Thurman Pendleton, Governor Allen and Rufus P. Ranney. The political modesty of Ohio is proverbial.

AN attempt has been made by Carl Schurz to gather the Granges under his wing, but it was a failure. The political signs indicate that the Republicans will make a coalition with the farmers to free the State from Democratic misrule. Forty Republican newspapers in Missouri support the movement.

RAPHAEL SEMMES is again a candidate for office in Alabama, of course on the Democratic ticket. His disabilities have not yet been removed, but he sees no inconsistency in that. Besides, he is consumed by a fever for office, and is willing to serve the country in almost any capacity and at any price.

AN exchange says that the Indiana Democracy are pilferers. "In their late declaration of principles they simply picked up the cigar ends thrown away by Pendleton, Frank Blair, Jeff. Davis, and others, and strutted about with the stale spoils in their mouth as though the ill-favored stumps were fragrant Havanas."

A VERMONT correspondent of the New York *Times* says that all the Congressmen of that State will be re-elected without difficulty. Judge Peck, also, will take the Governorship very easily. The vote is likely to be light, and the majority in consequently greatly reduced from two years ago, but it will hardly be less than 18,000, and it may reach 22,000 or 24,000.

DR. LORING, of Massachusetts, thinks he has hit upon the long-desired remedy for the ills which the present caucus system is heir to. The Boston *Advertiser* is equally confident that he hasn't. The Salem Republicans are going to give the Doctor's prescription a trial. It may alleviate if it doesn't cure. Its ingredients are, due notice of the time and place of holding the caucus, the rigorous use of the check-list throughout, and the taking of all votes by ballot.

THE Johnstown *Voice and Echo* says: John A. Blair, A. H. Fisk, E. R. Dunnegan and John Buck will be candidates for Assembly from the north of Cambria county before the Democratic County Convention, and that N. Horne, John Hannan, John C. Confer, John Cox and H. D. Woodruff will be candidates from the south; and that either Fisk or Buck will be the nominee from the north, and John Hannan from the south; that there will be three candidates for District Attorney before the same Convention—Wm. H. Sechler, J. G. Lake and W. H. Rose; that W. H. Rose will be the nominee in pursuance of a previous understanding with Mr. Sechler. It also says that James King, of Johnstown, George C. K. Zahm, A. J. Christy and James Little will be candidates for the nomination for Prothonotary.

PERSONAL.

IT is said that Brigham Young has made his will and given his friends ten children each.

IT is said that Miss Kellogg, the singer, receives on an average twenty letters a day requesting her autograph.

VICTOR EMANUEL is entitled to the knife as the ugliest man in the world.—*World*
Where is Hurd, of the Brownsville *Clipper*, or Miller, of Uniontown?

GEORGE CASTOLON, a citizen of Hagerstown, Md., died there July 25, aged 109 years and 11 months. He was born in Pennsylvania August 2, 1764.

ALL that was mortal of the late Marshal Concha now lies in one of the crypts of the Atocha church, not far from the crypt where lies the body of General Prim.

ROSA BONHEUR is fifty-two years old, and unmarried. She rejoices with a subdued joy that no man has ever been able to divide her pure and unselfish love for cattle.

THE editor of the Worcester *Gazette* says that dancing is apt to produce apoplexy. When he put his arm around a pretty partner for the first time, it affected him worse than the delirium tremens.

MRS. THEODORE TILTON was born at North Salem, where her father, Joseph Richards, used to be a tenor singer in the old North Church. The family removed to New York in 1830.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON never had toothache, boils, or a son belonging to a base-ball club. He said recently: "I never had a trouble or a sorrow which I could not forget in fifteen minutes in the perusal of some favorite author.

MISS INGOENE, a young and beautiful Boston lady, of whom report speaks favorably, will soon make her appearance in New York in a melodrama written expressly for her, strangely entitled "Ingemised." The scene is laid in Paris during the days of the Commune, and the play is said to abound with rich scenic effects.

A MAINE MAN, who was dying, arranged his worldly affairs very coolly. "As to the funeral," he said, after everything else had been settled, "I guess Sam Hubbard had better lead the services. He's an easy, fluent talker, and I allers liked to hear him. I've had dealins' with him, and allers found he set out things just about as they was."

WHILE taking a walk in Vienna recently the Princess Pauline de Metternich was caught in a shower. A young gentleman hastened up to her and offered her the protection of his umbrella. "Madam ——." "Well, I declare, you Vienna men are impertinent!" "Madam, from lips beautiful as yours, even such words do not offend!" "They don't! Well, then, you must be about as sensitive as a spittoon;" saying which she turned and entered a cab.

ANOTHER *bon mot* is credited to the President. It was elicited in this way: The floor of the little summer house in front of the Metropolitan Hotel at Long Branch gave way just as the President, Governor Parker, and several other military officers were concluding the review of the Seventh New Jersey. As the President stepped off he turned to Governor Parker and pleasantly remarked, "This is your platform, Governor, not mine."

THE bicentenary commemoration of the birth of Isaac Watts took place in his native town, Southampton, England, July 17. In the same town a statue of this immortal singer was unveiled in July, 1861. The first edition of his hymns was published 1707. An edition was brought out by Benjamin Franklin, in Philadelphia, as early as 1741. It is computed that 50,000 copies have for a long period been annually published in Great Britain and America.

DEAN STANLEY, whenever he goes out on a public speech-making, always has something pleasant and piquant to say. The other day, in presiding at the distribution of honors and prizes to the students of the Countess of Huntingdon's Theological College (of which Fletcher of Madeley was the first President), remarked, apropos of the Countess's peculiar religious views, that "all churches, ancient and modern, had been affected, to their own great benefit, by influences of an external nature; indeed, the Countess of Huntingdon's College might be said to live on the borderland, *where ecclesiastical highlands and low lands met, and to enjoy all the advantages of that picturesque position.*"

MR. CARPENTER, the artist, gives in an interview the following views of great men in this Beecher-Tilton business: Horace Greeley said to me, "Nobody can make me believe Theodore Tilton is a corrupt man, no matter what Mrs. Woodhull says." In March, 1873, when Sumner was sitting to me for his portrait, he spoke of Tilton in these words: "Theodore Tilton is a great writer. He is a man of genius. In reference to his domestic troubles, I don't the propriety of longer silence on his part. I think the thunderbolt ought to fall." I said, "How can you say that, when such interests are involved?" Mr. Sumner replied, "I have been called into one such case, and I have seen the utter folly and futility of all measures to cover wrong."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE mouse who only trusts to one poor hole, Can never be a mouse of any soul.

PRESIDENT GRANT will hold a reception at Morristown, N. J., on Thursday.

IN a fight between a rat and an alligator in New Orleans, the former came off victorious.

THERE is a tree in Florida, at Lake Harris, which is said to yield 7,000 lemons annually.

IN DES Moines the surgeons have taken a 16 pound cancer from the neck of a $1,500 cow.

IT is said that twelve new churches are speedily to be built in Philadelphia, costing in the aggregate about $500,000.

A FARMER in Ford county, Illinois, will, it is said, this year gather 1,000,000 bushels of corn from one field of 20,000 acres.

A TENEMENT house in Danvers, Mass., was burned last Sunday night, and an occupant named McCarty perished in the flames.

ONE McDermott, a Catholic priest, has disappeared from Anoka, Minn., under circumstances which suggest that he has been murdered for his money.

VERBATIM report of a marriage ceremony in Iowa: "Join your right hands! Do you want one another?" "Yes." "Well, then, *have* one another. You are man and wife."

THE following from Fort Garry says that reports from all sections of Manitoba indicate that the grasshopper ravages are not so bad as first reported, and fully half a crop is expected.

A MISER is just dead in Mt. Pleasant, Iowa. He left $1,600 in greenbacks, $50 in gold, and a $150 watch in one trunk; $325 in gold in another, and some $5,000 secreted elsewhere. He also left an estate worth $10,000 in Muscatine.

MR. BABB, of Canaan, N. H., was bitten by a cross dog last Spring in the thigh. He has been able to do no business since, and the wound shows no signs of healing. The owner of the dog paid $49 rather than have his dog killed, but the end is not yet.

A CLERICAL trouble has arisen in Oakland, Cal., between the pastor of a colored church and the editor of a newspaper. The belligerent pastor has invited the editor to fight "with swords, pistols, clubs, rocks, fists, boxing gloves or daggers."

A FIRE in Jackson, Ohio, Friday night, destroyed Cavitt's saddlery shop, loss $2,000; insured; Elihu Johnson's store, loss $1,000; insured for a small amount in the Ætna; C. M. Martin's residence, loss $1,000; insured on the Phœnix, of Hartford; stores of the same, loss $3,000; insured in the Phœnix for $1,000; Washam & Shamberger lost their stock of clothing, valued at $2,500, covered by insurance in the Phœnix.

Yates', Dickens' and Thackeray's Nose.

Mr. Edmund Yates has introduced the new era into modern literature of the personality painting novel. The late N. P. Willis was to some extent a pioneer, but it was left to Mr. Edmund Yates to carry it to perfection. There figured in London for some years, a person named Joseph Ady, who had a rather lucrative love of communicating to a vast number of people "something to their advantage," and whose chambers, when searched, by the police, to contain the addresses and descriptions of every one whom he had ever seen or with whom he had been brought in contact; and not long since, a professional beggar was dragged to light whose rooms were covered with the names and addresses of distinguished charitanarians, labeled, "Easily gulled," "A weakness for disabled sailors; lost a leg at Trafalgar; good for a fiver," and so forth. The study of Mr. Yates is, in a similar spirit and taste, decorated with sketches of the eyps and hair and coats of the chins and noses of every person of any distinction whom by accident he may have encountered. Indeed one of his noses got him into much trouble, and was the direful cause of a long, wordy war and social estrangement between the two greatest novelists of our time—Dickens and Thackeray. Mr. Yates ventured on a description of Mr. Thackery's nose, a subject on which he was especially sensitive. The slaughterer of noses took the part of his nose, Mr. Dickens that of its painter. The conflict was only calmed by the withdrawal of Mr. Yates from the Garrick Club.—*N. Y. Times.*

Charles T. Beke, the Explorer.

A cable telegram from London under date of August 1, reports as follows: "It is reported that Charles T. Beke, the explorer, is dead." This report may prove true. Charles Tilstone Beke is seventy-three years of age. He was born in London on the 10th of October, in the year 1800, and was the representative of an ancient family long settled at Bekesbourne, East Kent. He received a commercial education, but subsequently studied law in Lincoln's Inn. Eventually he resumed his mercantile avocation in London and the Mauritius. Having devoted much attention to ancient history, geography, philology and ethnography, he commenced to publish the results of his study in his "Origines Biblicq." His attention was at an early day attracted towards Abyssinia as a centre of great commercial importance, and having the elucidation of his ideas in view, he proceeded to Shoa, in Southern Abyssinia, in the year 1841. Thence he went alone into the interior, where he explored Godjam and the countries lying to the west and south. The results of his travel were published, Beke attaining great distinction as a writer on geographical subjects and the cognate sciences. On the 4th of November, 1865, Dr. Beke, accompanied by Mrs. Beke, left England on a mission, which proved fruitless, to obtain the release of the Abyssinian captives. He received a civil list pension from the English government in the year 1870. After Livingstone his name stands pre-eminently high as an authority in all matters relative to Africa.

Agricultural Statistics.

Mr. Samuel B. Ruggles has just published a pamphlet containing the agricultural statistics of this country. From it we gather the following items of interest: Of the whole area of the States and Territories, viz: 1,897,065, 230 acres, more than 188,912,833 are improved. The growth of agricultural production has more than kept pace with the growth of population in the last thirty years. In 1840 the population of the United States was 17,069,453; in 1870 it was 38,558,371. The wheat grown in 1840 amounted to 84,811,175 bushels; in 1870 it was 287,745,626 bushels. The manufacture of butter and cheese was represented in the former year by 202,410,440 pounds; in the latter by 677,017,095. Between the year 1840 and the year 1870 the yield of hay was almost trebled. In 1850 the cash value of farms, including live stock, implements, and machinery was $3,967,343,859. In 1870 it was $11,124,958,747. The production of hay was twice as great. The value of animals slaughtered increased from $111,703,142 to $393,956,376; the yield of tobacco from $199,752,695 to $262,735,341; of wheat, from $100,468,574 to $287,745,626. The yield of the cotton crop in bales was 2,469,083 in 1850. In 1870 it was 5,011,996. The rice and sugar crops show a falling off. The former fell from 215,313,487 to 73,635,021 pounds, and the latter from 366,577 hogsheads to 807,943. The value of the products of our manufactures rose from $1,019,106,616 to $4,232,325,443. In 1870 the agricultural population amounted to 5,922,471 persons. Of these, 5,303,353 were natives of the United States.

How a Surgical Discovery was Made Accidentally.

The *Aerztliche Hausfreund* is responsible for the following account of the cruel misdeeds of a brutal woman leading to the discovery of an important method of performing painless surgical operations: A wicked stepmother placed a hot iron upon the head of her eleven year old stepdaughter, and compelled her to wear it for two weeks continuously. On the 5th of March, 1872, the girl suffering with headache, was brought to the clinic of Professor Dr. Dittel. Dr. Dittel made a careful examination of the head and found a deep furrow plowed into the head, at the bottom of which was the cicatrix of the hot iron covered with little carbuncles. The poor girl died of inflammation of the cerebral membrane, and upon dissection it was found that not only the pericranium but also even the skull bones were cut through as if with a sharp saw. This proved what power is exerted by elastic cords, and since then Dr. Dittel has employed them for cutting off tissues and removing swellings and tumors. By this gentle means the patient does not lose a drop of blood, suffers scarcely any pain, has no fever, and soon gets well. This method seems to have a great future in store for it. Many patients are so horrified by the sight of the dreadful knife that the date of their recovery is postponed by it, even if they do not faint quite away.

"A Fire Boulevard."

Chicago, which seems disposed to learn by the experience of two great fires, now proposes to build what is called a fire boulevard. The suggestion, as explained by the Chicago *Tribune*, is "that a belt of territory of the width of a block, running west from the lake to Ashland avenue, and thence north, should be purchased by the city and set apart as a people's park and boulevard, forming at the same time one of the greatest possible protections against and preventives of the spread of fire that can be devised." Such a boulevard, the *Tribune* says, will be built in twenty years. It will form a barrier beyond which fire could not extend, and, more than all, the editor adds: "It will penetrate the most thickly settled portions of the city, giving breathing space and relaxation to multitudes who are now confined to the crowded tenements and narrow streets where they live. In a few years this park, planted with trees, will be not only a place of healthful recreation, but will be an ornament to the city beyond comparison with any other public improvement. In point of necessity as a sanitary measure, and as an all-sufficient barrier against fire, its value is not to be computed in dollars and cents."

Treed by a Stuffed Dog.

A Temperanceville boy was engaged in nocturnal cherry stealing a short time ago, and was observed by the owner of the fruit, who, unnoticed by the young robber, placed a large stuffed dog at the foot of the tree, and retired to watch the result of his strategy. The boy descending observed the dog, and then the fun commenced; he whistled, coaxed, threatened unavailingly, the animal never moving, and finally the youth, accepting the inevitable, settled down to passing the night in the tree. After some hours had passed, scarcely enough to the lad, morning dawned, and the proprietor of the tree coming from the house asked him how he came to be in the tree, to which the boy answered that he took it to save himself from the dog, who had chased him quite a distance. It isn't healthy for a small boy to say stuffed dog to the youth now.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

N. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.

ASSETS, January 1, 1873, - $775,251 56

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rohm, G. Folianabee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert H. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND
CLEARANCE SALE.
GREAT
Reduction in Prices.
GOODS
AT UNHEARD-OF
LOW PRICES.

Hats at Less than Half Cost,
Straw Hats at 25, 37, 50 and 75c.
Boys' and Girls' Hats 50 and 75c.
Chip and Hair Hats 75, $1 and $.25

Being determined to close out balance of stock before the 4th of July, we have made these great

REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

TRIMMED
Hats and Bonnets
At Less than half the usual prices

RIBBONS,
SILK NETS,
Turquoises, Laces,
All at Reduced Prices.

PARASOLS
Over Two Hundred Styles
Selling Out Very Cheap.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
Made-Up Suits
VERY CHEAP.

FANS, FANS!
Immense Stock, Reduced Prices.

OUR PRICES
Speak for Themselves.

Corsets! Corsets!
Over 100 Different Styles at Manufacturers' Prices.

SASH RIBBONS,
5 and 7 inch Sash Ribbons at 37½, 50 and 60

UNDERWEAR
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

An inspection of our Goods and prices will amply repay Ladies about to purchase.
N. B.—A fine assortment of Yak and Guipure Laces at low prices, just received and on exhibition. Call early and secure bargains.

Rosenbaum & Co.'s,
78 AND 80
MARKET ST.

HUTCHISON & CO.

Iron Working Machinery
AND
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES
Of every description, removed from No. 26 Wood St. to
No. 112 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
OPPOSITE HARPER'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 2 and 4 Union street.

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,
Sewer Builders and Manufacturers of
Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Plaster Chimney Flues, Cellar Floors, &c., on hand. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
Office & Works, 240 Rebecca Street, Allegheny.

ICE!
Reduction in Price.

On and after AUGUST 1st, 1874, we will sell Ice as follows:
40 to 100 lbs per day ..... $1 25 per cwt.
100 to 200 lbs per day ..... 1 00 per cwt.
200 to 500 lbs per day ..... 85 per cwt.
500 to 1000 lbs per day ..... 75 per cwt.
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE ICE CO,
Office, cor. 20th and Railroad sts.
jy30-f11

H. WARD,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,
No. 269 Franklin Street, Allegheny.
Ask your Grocer for
WARD'S BREAD.

MILLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cement, Lime and Plaster
258 LIBERTY STREET.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Spring wear, at LOWEST PRICES.

IN STORE.
25 bales Wisconsin Hops
25 barrels Halves Dried Peaches.
25 bags Timothy Seed.
1 car load Peerless Wrapping Paper.
1 car load White Lime.
To arrive—
3 cars White Oats.
2 cars Bar Corn.
2 cars Shelled Corn.
Our specialty now is the placing of large lots of WOOL, and invite correspondence with those holding.
D. McMILLAN & CO.,
347 Liberty street.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
OFFICE: NO. 100 GRANT STREET,
OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

GUESTS OF THE HEART.

Soft falls through the gathering twilight,
The rain from the dripping eaves,
And stirs with a tremulous rustle—
The dead and the dying leaves;
While afar, in the midst of the shadows,
I hear the sweet voices of bells;
Come borne on the wind of the autumn,
That fitfully rises and swells.

They call and they answer each other—
They answer and mingle again—
As the deep and the shrill in an anthem
Make harmony still in their strain;
As the voices of sentinels mingle
In mountainous regions of snow,
Till from hill top to hill-top a chorus
Floats down to the regions below.

The shadows, the fire-light of even,
The sound of the rain's distant chime,
Come bringing, with rain softly dropping,
Sweet thoughts of a shadowy time;
The slumberous sense of seclusion,
From storm and intruders aloof,
We feel when we hear in the midnight,
The patter of rain on the roof.

When the spirit goes forth in its yearnings
To take all her wanderers home;
Or, afar in the regions of fancy,
Delights on swift pinions to roam,
I quietly sit by the fire-light—
The fire light so bright and so warm—
For I know that those only who love me
Will seek me through shadow and storm.

But should they be absent this evening,
Should even the household depart—
Deserted, I should not be lonely,
There still would be guests in my heart.
The faces of friends that I cherish,
The smile, and the glance, and the tone,
Will haunt me wherever I wander,
And thus I am never alone.

With those who have left far behind them
The joys and the sorrows of time—
Who sing the sweet songs of the angels
In a purer and holier clime!
Then darkly, O evening of autumn,
Your rain and your shadows may fall;
My loved and my lost ones you bring me—
My heart holds a feast with them all.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
SATURDAY, AUGUST
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
165, 167, 169 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

We deem it but due to our many patrons and the public generally to say that we have opened the largest crowds of people that have thronged the establishment in the future as in the past, no scarcity of goods and plenty of them, but an overflowing stock of goods and fifty cases of new and fresh Goods, for the present and

Dress Goods,
Ladies' Summer Suits,
Lace Jackets, Sacques, &c.
Cloth & Silk Jackets, Sacques.

Special Bargains in
Fine Black Mohair Alpacas.
At 25, 37½, 45, 50, 62, 75 and 87½c.

DRESS LINENS FOR SUITS
At very low prices.

Grenadines and Hernanis
At extra low prices.

FINE DRESS GOODS
Of Every Description.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS
In all fabrics and qualities.

"B." & "B."
128
Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

NEW BARGAINS DAILY.
AT 9 CENTS,
4-4 Fine Unbleached Muslin,
EXTRA GOOD.
At 10 Cents, a Decided Bargain in
BLEACHED MUSLIN
Perfectly Free from Dressing.
2-4 Brown Sheetings at 30c.
10-4 Brown Sheeting at 85c.
10-4 Bleached Sheeting at 40c.
In pieces of 12 to 30 yards.
Extra bargains in
NEW BLACK SILKS,
At $1.75 and $2.00.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
Very low, (in some instances one-half their value,) to close the season.
New Gray Debeges at 25c.
New Gray Debeges at 40c,
All Wool and very fine.
NEW HAMBURG EDGINGS,
Some entirely new patterns, cheaper than ever.
Parasols Extra Cheap.
Ladies' Suits and Polonaises, in Linen, Lawn and Swiss, less than cost.

BOGGS & BUHL,
ALLEGHENY.

DRESS GOODS,
Summer Silks and Black Hernanis,
VERY CHEAP.
Great Bargains in Linen Suits, Sun Umbrellas and Parasols, at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
SUMMER STOCK
A choice line at very low prices.
MATTINGS,
FANCY AND COCOA,
In the best styles and qualities.

OIL CLOTHS,
All widths, well seasoned.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue.

NEW DISCOVERY
Edward's
NATURAL POLISH.
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything from the finest wood jewelry to the worst tarnished Locomotive. Fire Engine or Kitchen Utensil.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a circular.
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Bankers, Manufacturers, Merchants, etc
ENVELOPES,
All Styles, Sizes and Colors, neatly and Promptly printed to order. LETTER PAPER, LETTER BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS of all kinds; BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CARDS and SHIPPING TAGS. Special Inducements to persons buying in large quantities.
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MARBLE WORKS.
For a Fine Monument, a Good Head Stone, or all kinds of Work for the Cemeteries, go to
C. MILLER'S,
No. 45 Butler street, near the Cemetery Gate, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tuck Pointing Trowels, Grocer Fixtures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
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HAVANA CIGARS—WE ARE JUST IN receipt of a fresh invoice Havana and Key West Cigars of the following brands and sizes: Cabanas and Portuondo, Flor de Cabanas, Regalia Reinas, La Excepcion Queen, La Rosa Espanola and Rosa Londres de Cortes, Upmann & Golden Eagle Regalia Reina, La Excepcion Queen, La Rosa Espanola, in assorted sizes, for sale by the box or at retail, by
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

MANHOOD RESTORED—A VICTIM of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau St., New York.
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BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK—100 dozen Eagle brand Preserved Milk, the best article

FINANCIAL.

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Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances.

Collections made on all points of the United States.

We Buy and Sell Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities on Commission.

Mortgages and Commercial Paper A SPECIALTY.

Passage tickets to and from Europe and Sight Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland at lowest rates.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND And Safe Deposit Co.,

Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

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Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday days from 7 to 9 P. M.

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Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.

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JOSEPH LAURANT, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 4, 1874.

The universal conviction, that business and financial affairs have settled down for the heated term, has led to somewhat general turning aside to recreation, and so the general dullness is all the more confirmed. There is a tendency, however, to care in all financial transactions, and hence paper is scrutinized, debts are contracted, and business generally brought into a more healthy condition. The prospects in the fall for trade generally thought to be fairly good, and a promising crop serves to strengthen the generally entertained belief in an active fall trade. For the present, in the minor departments of trade, our city is fairly active, and our merchants cheerful and hopeful. In strictly financial circles, nothing new is occurring.

The specie shipments to Europe Saturday was $460,000, of which $355,000 was in gold coin and the balance silver. The specie shipmen for the week was $1,248,245, of which $772,577 was gold coin bars and the remainder silver coin and bars. The sub-Treasurer paid out $900,000 gold coin for interest and $50,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds.

The commerce of New York last week was as follows: General merchandise imports, including dry goods, $7,208,727; produce exports $6,661,788; specie exports, $1,248,245. The total merchandise imports, including dry goods, since January 1 this year are $246,383,750, against $245,504,000 last year and $260,815,170 in 1872. The total exports of produce since January are $170,605,103, against $162,895,896 last year and $124,277,797 in 1872. The total exports of specie since January 1 are $34,067,428, against $36,773,141 last year and $54,860,698 in 1872.

The International Railway Company of Texas has defaulted on their coupon bonds. The reason assigned is the refusal of the State to pay over to the company $2,000,000 which it owes.

The Chicago, Columbus and Indiana Central Railroad defaulted on a portion of its second mortgage bonds, concerning which we find the following statement in an evening paper: "With reference to the interest due on the bonds of the Chicago, Columbus and Indiana Central Railroad, it now transpires, as we learn by application at the St. Nicholas Bank, that the only second mortgage coupons which are payable are those of the Columbus and Indianapolis branch, which are guaranteed. The company are paying the consolidated first mortgage coupons and first mortgage coupons of the individual road, which go to make up the whole road. The total funds of the latter bonds does not exceed $15,000,000."

The C. C. & I. C. R. R. Co. is to-day in default on interest due August 1, on general second mortgage bonds, amounting to $5,000,000. This road is leased for ninety nine years by the P. R. R. Co., which gives the C. C. & I. C. thirty per cent. of the gross receipts of the road, and guarantees that the Company shall have enough in excess of thirty per cent., if that is insufficient, to pay the interest on the $15,920,000 first and second special mortgage bonds of the C. C. & I. C. The P. R. R. Co. does not guarantee interest on general second mortgages on which there is to-day a default, although in past years they have always furnished money necessary for interest on these bonds, the terms of general second mortgages permits a lapse of six months on interest payments, before legal proceedings to foreclose that mortgage can be taken. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, according to their last statement, owned about two million dollars of general second mortgages. They can either buy or control enough of these bonds to foreclose the mortgage at the expiration of six months, which would give them possession of the road and would keep out all junior securities, so that can pay interest and continue to operate the road under the lease, as at present.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed.
Gold	109¼	109¼
U. S. 6-20s—1881—coupon	118¾	118¾
1-20 1863	111¼	111½
5-20—1864.	113½	113½
" 1865	116¼	116¼
" 1865 new.	116¾	116
" 1867.	117¾	117¾
" 1868—coupons.	117¾	
10-40's	110	110
Currency 6's	117½	117¾
New 5 per cents	111¾	111¾
10-40's—coupons		1 03¼
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	101	101¾
Erie	32	33¼
R. H. & E.	13	13¾
C. C. & I. C.	16	15¾
St. Paul	30¾	33¾
Michigan Southern	73	73¾
Do Central	72¾	72¾
North Western Common		28¾
Do. Pref		56¾
Rock Island		96¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	89¾	89
Pacific Mail	43	43¾
Western Union Telegraph	74¾	75
Ohio & Mississippi	28¾	28¾
Union Pacific	19	19¼
Toledo & Wabash	36¾	36¾
Harlem	123	
Adams Express	103¾	
American Express	64¾	64¾
U. S. Express	61¾	61¾
W. Fargo & Co. Express	75	75
Panama		111¾
Fort Wayne	97¾	98
Merchants Union Express	17¾	
Hannibal and St. Joseph	23¾	

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 18 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of stocks to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Penna. Central	101¾	102
" " scrip	102	102¾
Reading	65¾	66
United Cos. of N. J.	125¾	126
Oil Creek	5	6
Lehigh Valley	64¾	65¾
Central Transportation	41	44

NEW YORK, August 3, 1874.

Money was easy at 2@2½; prime mercantile paper 5 to 7. Sterling was firm at 486¾@487¼ for sixty days, and 489¼@490 for sight. The customs receipts were $359,000. All sales of gold to-day were at 109¼@109¾, closing at 109¼. The carrying rates were 1¾, 2, and flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $496,000. The clearings were $21,080,000. Governments were steady. State and railroad bonds were dull and steady. Stocks opened moderately active and firm, at an advance of ½@¾ from the closing quotations of Saturday. The leading stocks continued strong and made a further advance of ⅛ to ⅜ until toward the close, when there was a reaction on sales to realize of ⅛@¾ per cent. Among the sales to-day were 27,000 shares Western Union, 11,000 Lake Shore, 21,000 Union Pacific, and 6,600 C. C. & I. C.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118¾; 5-20s of '62, 111¾; do of '64, 115¾; do of '65, 116¾; do of '65, new, 116; do of '67, 117¾; do of '68, offered 118¾; new 5s, 111¾; 10-40s, 110; currency 6s, 117¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri sixes, 92¾; Tennessee, old, 76; do new, 70; Virginia, new, 30; do old, 30; North Carolina, old, 15; do new, 10.

Stocks.—Canton, 40; Western Union Telegraph Company, 74¾; Quicksilver, 25; Adams Express, 103; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 73¾; American Express, 63¾; U. S. Express, 67¾; Pacific Mail, 45¾; New York Central, 100¾; Erie, 32¾; do preferred, 47¾; Harlem, 123½; do preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 72¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 89½; Northwestern, 28¾; do preferred, 56½; Rock Island, 95¾; New Jersey Central, 106¾; St. Paul, 35¾; do preferred, 64¾; Toledo & Wabash, 36¾; do preferred, 64; Fort Wayne, 93; Terre Haute, 7; do preferred, 23; Chicago and Alton, 102¼; do preferred, 104; Ohio & Mississippi, 28¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 69; Burlington & Quincy, 165¾; Lake Shore, 72¾; Panama, 15½; Illinois Central, 94; Union Pacific 28¾; Central Pacific, 88¾; Union, 84¾; Hartford & Erie, 104; Delaware & Lackawanna, 107¾.

LONDON, August 3.—There is a bank holiday in England.

PARIS, August 3.—Rentes 61f. 40c.

FRANKFORT, August 1.—5 20s '62, 97¾.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, August 3, 1874.

Business, while it was not all that could have been desired, was about all that could be expected during the past week, and, notwithstanding there is considerable complaint—and perhaps there is room for it—yet, after all, we do not believe that trade generally is much behind what it usually is at this particular time. In Grain and Flour, while the demand is confined mainly to supplying immediate wants, there is a very fair business in the aggregate and the same is true of Groceries. The Provisions market continues very firm and Lard has still further advanced; it begins to look, however, as if the highest limit had been reached, and the next thing, in order, is a market may be on the back track, as the impression prevails that prices are unduly inflated. In produce circles business has not been very satisfactory. Eggs have still further declined. Butter is dragging, while as regards vegetables and small fruits, the markets have been overstocked, and in not a few instances commission merchants have had difficulty in realizing sufficient to pay charges, and cost of transportation. Cheese is firmer, with every indication of an early advance, and Hay is steady.

APPLES—$3 @ $4 ₱ bbl. market continues very dull and overstocked, and dealers are all anxious to realize, prices have further declined; now be quoted nominally at $1@2 ₱ bbl. according to quality.

ASHES—Trade continues very quiet, and there are no new features that we are aware of. No change in quotations.

ALE—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. We quote as follows: 10 to 12 gallon XX, $16, India Ale, $11. Half pris in regular proportion.

BUTTER—Blackberries have been coming in freely and are lower; quotable at $1.50@2.00 ₱ stand of two bushels, as to quality. Whortle Berries, $1@1.50 ₱ dozen; No. 2.

BAGGING—Penn Mill two bushel bags, 36c two and one-half bushel, 42c three bushel, 60.

BROOMS—No. 1, $2.50@3.00 ₱ dozen; No. 2, $2.00@2.75; No. 4, $3@3.25; No. 5, $3.25@3.50; No. 6, $3.50@3.75. Carpet Brooms, $4@4.25. Whisps, $1@1.25.

BEESWAX—Continues very quiet, and in the absence of sales, we repeat former quotations, 28@30c ₱ lb.

BEANS—The market continues very quiet, as it usually is at this particular time, but prices remain about as last quoted, $2.50 ₱ bushel for prime mediums and $3.75 for choice navies. The demand is now for small lots.

BROOM CORN—There is a moderate inquiry, and the market, if anything, is firmer, and we hear of sales being made at 3½@3¾ at a higher advance. We continue to quote, however, at 5@6c for red; 7@8c for green, and 9@10c for hurl shelves from which the seed has been removed. The coming crop is destined to be a light one, below an average, and then it is said the supply of old stock is considerably reduced.

BUTTER—The market was rather quiet during the past week, and with, apparently, a diminished demand and an increased supply, prices fell off 2@3c ₱ lb. We quote at 20@25 for prime to choice and 16@18 for common to medium; anything excepting prime has to be sold for grease at the lowest figure, and then two kinds. There is no demand for it elsewhere at better rates than we have quoted, hence there is no outlet at the present time. Indications, however, that the market will do better before long, as it usually commences to pick up during the latter part of the summer.

CHEESE—There is a much firmer feeling, under the influence of increased action from the Eastern markets, as well as the factories, and with diminished receipts, and a continued steady demand, prices have further upward. Prime Ohio Factory is quoted at 12@13c in a jobbing way. Dairy Cheese is not much called for. Good to prime are in demand and higher, and may be quoted at 10@20 for prime to choice.

CANNED GOODS—There is little or nothing doing now, excepting that dealers are contracting with manufacturers for forward delivery. The consumptive demand is very meagre, which at this time is to be expected, in view of the fact that our markets are glutted with fresh vegetables and fruits of all kinds.

CEMENT AND LIME—Following are the current rates: Cement—Youghiogheny, $2@2.20 ₱ barrel; Louisville, $2@2.50; Phœnix, $2@2.25; Rosendale, $3.75@4.00; Portland, $3@3.50. Plaster—Fine, $3.00 ₱ ton; ground, $4@4.50. New York Mills & Co.) $3.75@4; Michigan, $4@4.25; Nova Scotia, $3@3.50. Water Lime, $3@3.25. Fresh burned, $2@2.25. Fresh burned, $2@2.25. Fresh burned, $2@2

HOME NEWS.

Large Funeral.

Mr. Peter Brown, a well known business man of this county and a brother of W. H. Brown, the prominent coal merchant, was buried yesterday at McKeesport. The funeral took place from Salisburgh, on the Connellsville railroad, and was one of the largest that has been witnessed in that section for a long time.

Rescuing a Prisoner.

The attention of officer George Burgley was attracted last night by two men who were indulging in a fight on the street. He proceeded to stop the quarrel, when one of the parties ran away. The other, named James McPhail, was taken into custody, but when he started toward the lock-up with his prisoner, one James Creighton attempted to rescue McPhail from custody. Burgley summoned assistance and both were taken to the Central Station House and placed under lock and key.

Found Floating in the River.

Yesterday morning the dead body of an infant was found by some boys in the Allegheny river opposite the mouth of Second street. Some men were called, and the body taken out, when it was found that a rope had been tied about its neck with a brick at the end of it. The Coroner was notified and the infant was taken to his office, where an inquest was held. The child was supposed to have been stillborn, and a verdict in accordance with what has been stated was rendered by the jury. The infant was buried by the county.

A Constable Beaten.

Constable Sarber, of Alderman Donaldson's force was yesterday entrusted with a warrant for the arrest of a stalwart blacksmith, whose place of residence is in Virgin alley, under the shadow of Municipal Hall. Sarber at once went in search of the man the warrant called for, and on finding him, found that he had "caught a Tartar." Mr. Blacksmith showed fight, used up the constable and completely demoralized his clothing. Members of the police force came to the rescue of Sarber, and after he had sought a friendly room where he re-arranged his toilet, the blacksmith was taken to the 'squire's office and subsequently to jail.

The Associated Press Agent.

A morning contemporary yesterday animadverted somewhat severely upon the agent of the Associated Press here, for favoritism and inefficiency. In support of the complaints made, the telegraphic accounts of the recent flood were cited wherein it was shown that the agent in his desire to exhibit his especial favor to one journal, even went so far as to take the news from other papers—from the GAZETTE and *Dispatch*, notably—and give credit to the paper designated.

These strictures, though severe, contain much that is nothing but "the frozen truth." The gross and unjust favoritism complained of in this instance was noted at the time by us, and the attention of the agent called to the fact. In explanation it was stated privately that the misrepresentation was not intentional but that in the rush occasioned by the flood, he engaged an assistant, whose work it was that raised complaint. The assistant thus engaged happened at the time to be employed on the staff of the journal favored, and hence the tenor of the dispatches sent away.

We accepted this explanation in so far as relieving Mr. Gibson from an intention to abuse his position to subserve private interests, but held that he was responsible for the dispatches and was in that respect, censurable. The matter, however, so far as we are concerned was then allowed to rest, and reference is now only made to our contemporary's article, to show that others as well as ourselves noticed the dereliction to which we first called the attention of the agent.

NARROW ESCAPE.

A Drunken Woman Falls upon the Pan Handle Track.

About 6 o'clock last evening a woman named Mrs. McBride, white under the influence of liquor, attempted to walk on the wall which runs on the side of the track of the Pan Handle road, from Washington street to the tunnel. A bar powers of locomotion were sufficiently impaired by her potations to make it doubtful whether a sidewalk was broad enough for her, it is not to be wondered at that she fell from the wall. Just as she struck the track, a locomotive was coming out of the depot which was fortunately stopped by the engineer within a few feet of where the woman lay. Her escape from instant death was little less than a miracle. When picked up it was found that she had sustained serious injuries about the face and head. She was assisted to her residence near by and medical assistance summoned.

AN INDIGSANT FEMALE.

Excitement on Fifth Avenue.

Quite an excitement was created on Fifth avenue about nine o'clock last evening by the action of a colored woman, who in a loud and excited voice stated that she was looking for "her man." Opposite the White House she found the object of her search and heaped upon his devoted head a volley of Billingsgate which would have done credit to the foremost fishwoman of that celebrated place of relaxg. Not satisfied with assaulting the colored man with her tongue, she drew from some portion of her dress a loaded revolver and brandishing the weapon, announced her intention of taking the man's life. Before she had time to discharge the pistol, officer Thom Keogler arrived on the scene and placed her under arrest. At the lock up she gave her name as Susan Carter, and stated that the man was her husband, but was not treating her well. A loaded revolver was found in her possession.

WANTED TO SHUFFLE.

Two Determined Attempts at Self-Destruction.

Some three weeks ago a man named Farrell, whose place of residence is on Watson street, made an attempt at suicide by cutting his throat, with a razor. At that time, it will be remembered, he made a horizontal gash at his wind-pipe instead of cutting it diagonally. Although the injuries were of a serious nature, they were not necessarily of a fatal character, and Farrell was removed to the Mercy Hospital where his wound was healed, and he was consequently discharged. On Sunday evening the determination to take his life seems to have come over the man again, and for this second attempt at self-destruction he chose drowning as the means. He was, however, again rescued, and now lies at his residence, and is under a physician. It is said that the cause for Farrell's desire to end his life may be found in the fact that he is out of employment, and that his son is also without work.

GASEOUS.

Conferring With the "Consolidated"—Allegheny Likely to Have Cheaper Gas.

Yesterday afternoon the special committee appointed by Allegheny Councils to confer with the Consolidated Gas Company in reference to the laying of pipes in the city, held a conference with the Directors of the "Consolidated." The matter was talked over in an informal way, and suggestions from both parties were discussed. No definite action was taken, however, further than that a proposition informally made by the company, looking towards a laying of pipes in Allegheny at an early day, was referred with favor to the committee, and a request made that it be put in writing so that it could be acted upon in a formal way. The proposition contemplates a decided reduction in gas. With this understanding the conference adjourned. Another meeting will be held before Councils meets, and the business will then be arranged so that it can be properly reported to Councils for action.

THE HEATHEN CHINEE.

An Unfortunate Mongolian Set Upon by Roughs.

An almond eyed Mongolian named Wing Lee was about three o'clock yesterday afternoon made the victim of a determined attack, on the part of three roughs. At the hour named Wing Lee was walking along Wylie avenue, when Peter Gallagher, Frank Donohue and John Jamison came to the conclusion that it would be good fun to discharge at him a volley of stones. Wing Lee heard the missiles striking around and about him, and beat a retreat into the front door of a house. On coming from his ambush the unfortunate Chinaman was again made the subject of a stone attack. Not satisfied with attempting to stone the "celestial" the trio concluded to give him a chastisement, and to this end were dragging him into an alley when officer Carrigan arrived on the scene, and with the assistance of other policemen arrested all three. The Acting Mayor at the afternoon hearing fined all three $5 and costs.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

A Cigar Maker Tries to End his Life by Shooting.

About five o'clock yesterday afternoon persons who were passing in the neighborhood of the Court House, heard the sharp report of a pistol. It was soon ascertained that the weapon had been discharged in the second story of Jas. M. Hoch & Son's cigar factory, located on Fifth avenue between Grant and Wylie streets, with suicidal intent. An excited crowd soon gathered, and the police arriving soon discovered that a man employed in the establishment as a cigar maker, named James Lewis, had shot himself in the region of the heart and inflicted a serious wound. Medical assistance was summoned, and under their advice, the man was removed to his residence on Pike street above Sixteenth. Lewis is a married man and has one child. At a late hour last night it was thought that he was in a critical condition. It is said, by those employed at Hoch's factory, that the injured man has been drinking very freely for some time past, and that the suicidal act was committed while under the influence of liquor.

EMANCIPATION DAY.

Rural Frolicking and Festival Pleasures

Emancipation day was celebrated yesterday by our colored fellow citizens by picnics during the day and a festival in Wilson's Hall, Allegheny, in the evening. The attendance in the woods was quite large, and the people seemed to fully enter into the enjoyment of a day in the groves. The largest picnic was that at Monitor Grove, which was held in the afternoon. There was no formal procession, but the largest portion of the people interested went down to the grove on the one o'clock train. It was intended to hold a grand mass meeting at the grove, but the crowd seemed to be more in the humor for frolic and pleasure than for speechmaking, and so this proposed feature of the celebration was not carried out.

In the evening the youth and beauty not wearied with the day's festivity assembled at Wilson's Hall, in the Allegheny Diamond and spent the evening in the pleasures of a festival. The day was thus after all—if not so demonstratively commemorated as on other occasions—the source of enjoyable to the participants, and the means probably to awaken afresh memories of emancipation, which the celebration com-

THE PROHIBITION PARTY.

The County Executive Committee.

A Record for the Friends of the Movement—Organizing for Active Operations

The leaders of the Prohibition movement have been at work quietly for some time past, and have been making preparations for a campaign which will bring out the full strength of their party. As one of the results of this attention to business they have appointed the following gentlemen as members of the County Executive Committee, and propose at once to effect a thorough organization in all the precincts of the county, so as to be ready when the time comes for them to express their sentiments by their ballots. The committee is as follows:

HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY COUNTY PROHIBITION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, PITTSBURGH, August 3 1, 1874.

The following named persons having been appointed as the Prohibition Executive Committee of Allegheny County, are hereby notified that the Committee will hold their regular meetings at the Alliance Rooms, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street, EVERY MONDAY, at 11½ o'clock, A. M., "sharp," until the November election:

Members will please bear these meetings in mind and attend if possible. The other Committee will be appointed during this month.

PRESIDENT—THOMAS H. RAEE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:

Elliott E. Swift, D. D.	Wm. Preston, D. D
W. D Howard, D. D.	R. W. Pearson, D. D.
J. J. Murray, D. D	S. F. Scovel, D. D.
S. C. Jennings, D. D.	Rev. Richard Lea,
W. J. Reid, D. D.	Rev. T. H. Hanna,
Rev. J. B. Lucas,	Rev. W. H. Brown,
Rev. J. W. Ellis,	Geo. K. Osmond, D. D.
Rev. B. F. Woodburn,	Rev. W. P. Moore,
Rev. John Peck,	Rev. J. Hawner, D. D.
Rev. W. H. Andrews,	B. F. Brooke, D. D.
Rev. W. J. Robinson,	James Kelly.
Mr. W. B. Rees,	S. H. Nesbit, D. D.
Hon. Alex. H. Burns,	J. J. Bender,
Abdiel McClure,	E. K. Squier, D. D.
Jas. Park. Jr.	Geo. F. Turner,
Rev. W. H. McMillen,	Aaron Floyd,
John Wilkinson,	Hugh. Pitcairn,
D. Robb, Wm.	W. B Smith,
George Wood, L. L. D.	Hon. Vincent Miller,
W. B. Scaife,	George R Riddle,
Rev. S. A. Collins,	Rev A. W. Butts,
Rev. W. J. Robinson,	Rev. M. F. Kendig,
Rev. J. L. Simpson,	James McMasters,
Mrs. A. W. Black,	Mrs. E Tuttell,
Mrs. S. A. Collins,	Mrs. N. Courtney,
Mrs. Finley Torrens,	Mrs. Stephen Bayard,
Mrs. E. E. Swift,	Mrs. G. W. Motheral,
Mrs. S. Allen,	Mrs. Woods.
Mrs. Workman,	

SECRETARIES.

W. G. Warren,	John A. Reed,
Rev. W. H. Phipps,	T. J. Gillespie,
Jos. H. Turner,	G. W. Bradley,
Rev. J. W. Wightman,	Miss Ella A. Boston,
Mr. Vernon,	Miss A. Hill,
D. R. Ingram,	Miss L. A. Haller.

TREASURER—C. L. ROSE.

PITTSBURGH.

S. S. Kirby,	W. T. Powell,
Jas. T. Kincaid, Sr.,	J. H. Campbell,
H. H. Maxwell,	S. M. Stotler.
Rev. E. T. Miller,	Alex. Bates,
Aaron Floyd,	Rev. A. J. Rich,
W. J. Jackson,	Hugh. Pitcairn,
Chas. A. Colton,	Jno. A. Renshaw,
Geo. Woodson,	Geo. W. Dacnap,
Norval Holmes,	Jas. M. Ralston.
T. H. H. Murray,	Hudley Torrens,
Rev. Warner Long,	Rev. John McGonnigle,
Wm. Robinson,	J. P. Henderson,
Geo. McVay,	Geo. Young, Jr,
Harry Eckard,	A. N. McGonnigle,
George Williams,	Wm. D. Holt,
W. H. Harper,	J. C. Porter,
R. D. Nicholson,	J. D. Carlisle,
Alex. McCance,	Frank VanGorder,
Joel Kerr,	Rev. J. S. Stuchell,
Robt. Marshall,	A. M. Swair.
Wm. Douglas,	Lindsey Grier,
Wm. Gray,	Charles Church,
Z. McIlwaine,	John Ango,
John Semple,	John Moore,
Wm. Little,	J. H. Gray.
James Warren,	Dr. J. C. Kennedy,
I. J. Richards,	R. J. Speelman,
Sam. L. James,	Wm. J. Ward,
H. A. Jones,	A. Hemingway,
Samuel Ellson,	Geo. Karney,
Thomas Parkinson,	Capt. S. H. Duval,
David Morgan,	Jas. Haddock,
Thos. Jones,	Jas. L. Cline.
M. W. Dahms,	John Elliott,
James Allen,	W. Evans,
John Arthur,	Adam Cook,
Wm. Culp,	John Adams,
Rev. W. H. Knox,	D. Rowlings,
Wm. Carothers,	Alex. Housted,
Jeremiah Cooper,	Rev. I. McGuire,
Rev. G. W. Cranage,	Rev. J. R. Melhorn,
John McClaren,	D. Montgomery.
Samuel M. Reed,	Rev S. C. Farris,
Jas. McCandless,	H. M. Lewis,
Jacob Weidman,	T. R. Bass,
David Spence,	Rev. F. Jennings,
Prof. D. C. Dickey,	Rev. J. C. Dermitt,
Frank McCutcheon,	A. W. Scrouthers,
Joseph Wilson,	Jas. Powlison,
Samuel H. Baird,	Wm. Stewart.
Col. D. B. Morris,	James Pope,
H. S. Jelleh,	Samuel Graham,
H. Anderson,	T. P. Hersberger,
W. A. Chapman,	Rev. J. I. Dacus,
A. A. Anders n,	Sam'l. Wood,
Joseph Roughrey,	John Hollingshead,
Geo. Zeigler,	Rev. M. H. Appleton,
John Patterson,	Jacob Hughes,
V. K. McIlhaney,	Rev. S. M Henderson,
Sam'l McMunn,	Daniel Donahue,
Andrew Kirk,	H. D. McGaw,
Thos. G. Kirkpatrick,	Andrew Bryce,
Sam. Carothers.	Samuel Creelman,

ALLEGHENY.

J. D. Baldwin,	Jos. Shallenbarger,
Dr. R. S Sutton,	Thos. H. Lyle,
Geo. W. Lyon,	Thos. Scroggins,
Thos. D. Chantler, Jr.,	Saml. Kennedy,
Eli Bruner,	Thos. H Gray,
Geo. Nerly,	Geo. W. Motheral,
Albert Strite,	H. B. Murphy.
Watson Black,	B. F. Swain,
Edward Agnew,	Alphonse Wilson,
Wm. Neely,	Perry Cox.
J. N. Wright,	Dr. E. S. Rigg,
Wolf Berger,	Frank Woods,
Henry Sell s,	O. Barrett,
Harrison Riley,	R. H. Kerr,
Robb. Dryden,	Danl. Swoger,
Samuel Kelley,	Capt. Grafton Bowey,
Samuel Gillin,	Dallas Keax,
Rev. A. McLaughlin,	James Welsh,
Jos. Hilands,	John Sarver,
Geo. Quail,	Allen Means,
John Patterson,	Robt. Henderson,
Geo. Boyd,	Rev. J. W. Witherspoon,
Chas. Pearce,	Saml. Murphy,
Robt. Anderson,	Rev. T. Mitchell,
Samuel English,	Rev. M. B. Pugh,
Jas. E. Karns,	Jas. Shipman,
L. Fryer,	Cyrus Hutchison,
H. Pedlett,	Rev. John Kerr,
Rev. W. C. Wyeth,	J. C. Northrup,
Mark Robb,	Thos. Kiages,
W. C. Watson,	Robt. Ford,
Robt. Boyd,	Saml. Dyer,
Jas. Wa ker,	John Burgess.
J hn Matthews,	
J. W. Gill,	
Josiah E. Johnston,	

TOWNSHIPS.

Albert Courtney,	Wm. Faucett,
Frank Anderson,	Stephen Bayard,
Rev. J. S McConnell,	El. S. Burchell,
John Way, Jr.,	J. M. Miller,
Alex. McJunkin,	Williams Elliott,
Jos. Harper,	John O'Neil,
Rev. Jas. Kelso,	Samuel Chamberlin,
Jos. Duff,	Rev. T. M. Watson,
J. W. Disk,	J. S Croft,
Samuel Wilson,	Wm. Grace,
David Collins,	Capt. Jno. A. Wood,
Christian Schively,	Alex. Patterson,
Matthew Mitchell,	Wm. Hill,
J. B Sheriff,	Alex. D. Burns,
J. S Negley, Jr.,	Thos. Purdy,
Col. Wm. Douglas,	Sq. Jno. Moody,
Wm. E. Thompson,	Dr. Jos. Bigham,
R. R McGreevy,	Geo. Burns,
C. B. Hatch,	Thos. Mc Veigh,
Henry Large, Sr.,	Jas. P. Duff,
J. H. Gamble,	W. S Graham,
Rev. J. J Bigcom,	Jno. Flocker,
Isaac Walker,	Wm. Wilson, Jr.,
Jas. M. Moore,	Dr. Geo. Cheesman,
Wm Glass,	Lee Marshall,
J. D. Jennings, M. D.,	Peter Boyer,
Jeremiah Weeks,	John Murphy,
Isaac Daemer,	Peter Simmons,
Jas. McFadden,	Andrew Boyer,
Wm. Neely,	Wm. J. Riddoo,
J. N Wright,	Allen Jamison,
Wolf Berger,	W. J Robinson,
Henry Sell s,	Thos. W. Hunter,
Harrison Riley,	Frank L. Neild,
Robb. Dryden,	Wm. T Cross,
Samuel Kelley,	Rev. Thos. Swift,
Samuel Gillin,	H. H. McEwen,
Rev. A. McLaughlin,	Wm. Gillin.
Jos. Hilands,	M. J. Collins,
Geo. Quail,	Rev. W. P. Shaw,
John Patterson,	Dr. Johnson,
Geo. Boyd,	Capt. J. W. Nesbit,
Chas. Pearce,	James Davis,
Robt. Anderson,	John Hamilton,
Samuel English,	Wm. McClelland,
Jas. E. Karns,	Dr. And. Harper,
L. Fryer,	W. G Stewart,
H. Pedlett,	Rev. E Mather,
Rev. W. C. Wyeth,	Wm. Steen.
Mark Robb,	Wm. M. Marshall,
W. C. Watson,	Roger Harvley,
Robt. Boyd,	J. R Neely,
Jas. Wa ker,	Matthew McIntosh,
J hn Matthews,	Wilson Shaw,
J. W. Gill,	Jno. J. R. Glenn,
Josiah E. Johnston,	Samuel Hunter,
James Dixon,	J. T. McKnight,
Henry Eckard,	Co'. Wm. Espy,
Robt. Lee,	Robt. Lee,
Jas. Martin,	Jas. Martin,
Samuel Douhett,	Samuel Douhett,
J. P. Richey,	J. P. Richey,
Philip Rosenstee l,	Philip Rosenstee l,
J. W. Dreher,	J. W. Dreher,
Samuel Pollock,	Samuel Pollock,
J. K Cramer,	J. K Cramer,
H. H McClure,	H. H McClure,
Wm Gibson,	Wm Gibson,
Alex Speer.	Alex Speer.

BOROUGHS.

F. H. Courcin,	Jas. B Fulton,
D. N. McCrady,	John Hamphill,
Capt. Hutton,	W. G. McNeely.
Robt. Haney,	J. C Reed,
Jos. Stewart,	John H. Williams,
H. H. Eder,	Geo. Irwin,
Jas. O'Niel,	Rev. R. T. Price,
John Hammitt,	Rev. John Cowl,
Edward Fisher,	Wm. Warwick, sr.,
Chas. Bennett,	Wm. Anderson,
N. J. Bennett,	H. M. Bole,
Rev. A. B. Castle,	Robt. Davis,
Col. E. J. Allen,	Henderson Wise,
W. A. Dunlap,	Thos. Jones,
H. H McClure,	Alex Patterson,
J. N. O'Neil,	Wm Ewing,
Robt. McChestney,	Sam. E Youard,
John Thompson,	Z q. Wm. Glenn,
Jno. Stephenson	Wm Hill,
Daniel Purdy,	J. H Oliver,
Andrew Ellis,	Mansfield Brown,
Z. L Goodwin,	Thos. Williams,
P. A. Myers,	J. C. Bodell,
Wm. Fleming,	Mr. Griffith,
Wm. McFarland,	W. W. Grier,
S. P. Taylor,	Rev. T. M Eaton,
Joseph Turner,	Rev. J. D. Irons,
Rev. T. G. Lawrence,	Rev. Jones,
Rev. Riehd Potter,	Benj. Wright.
Wm. West,	

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

A Busy Session of the Committee Last Night—Large Amount of Work Put Through—Pay Rolls Approved—Flood Damager—Ordinances Ordered—Contracts Awarded and Laid Aside.

A regular meeting of the Street Committee was held last night in the Common Council Chamber, Mr. S. P. Fulton in the chair. After roll-call the minutes of the former meetings were read and approved.

The following pay-rolls were presented and approved:

First District	$2,164 77
Second District	2,280 13
Third District	1,822 27
Fifth District	1,279 99
Sixth District	1,592 20
Seventh District	1,562 33
Board of Viewers	429 32
Construction Department	893 33

In regard to the pay roll of the Seventh district, objections were made to its approval on the ground that Mr. Graham, the Commissioner, paid his men $1.75 per day while the other commissioners paid only $1.50 per day. In explanation Mr. Graham said that he considered his men worth $1.75 per day. He had always tried to do his duty to the city, but he had never presented a pay roll that somebody did not find fault with it, and considering himself as not having been fairly treated he offered his resignation. The position of Street Commissioner he did not think a particularly desirable one and he was "sick" of it. The pay roll however was approved and no action was taken on Mr. Graham's proffer of his resignation.

Mr. Robinson, from the sub-committee appointed to repair the damages caused by the flood, made a verbal report stating the work was being rapidly pushed forward in all sections of the city. The committee had visited all damaged points, and also had decided, after consideration with the City Engineer, to replace the bridge over Saw Mill run and raise the piers.

The sewers at the head of Twenty-first street, on the South Side, was greatly damaged by the late flood, and an appeal was made to the Street Commissioner to have it repaired at the expense of the city. The contract for the construction of the sewer was awarded by the 12th borough of St. Clair to Joseph Keelley, and the contractor was given three years in which to finish it. It is not yet completed, and therefore was never taken possession of by the city. On motion of Mr. Adams the matter was referred, for the purpose of obtaining information, to the City Engineer and City Solicitor.

The sub-committees on the widening of Forbes street and on a change of grade on Stevenson street, reported progress. Mr. Brown presented a petition for a change of grade in Block 4, ward, and the Engineer was instructed to give the contractor the grade.

The petition of Phillips, Nemick & Co. for privilege to cross Penn street with railroad tracks, one at grade and the other over a single span bridge, neither to offer any obstruction to travel, was granted.

Mr. Edwards, from the Board of Viewers, stated that by the late reduction in the force of the Engineering department they were deprived of an Engineer. Such an officer he considered absolutely essential to the safe transaction of their business and generally necessary in order to consider the propriety of detailing one to assist Viewers. The matter was referred to a sub committee, consisting of Messrs. West, Knowland and Scott.

The action of the committee approving the pay roll of the Board of Viewers was reconsidered and the amount of $15.32 paid by the Viewers for car fare was stricken out, and the pay roll was then ordered to be paid. This was done in the face of the opinion of the City Solicitor who stated that the law provided for the payment of such expenses incurred by the Board of Viewers. The Controller also said the expenditure was all right and that he would pay it. Verily, the ways of committees are strange.

Ordinance changing the name of High street, from Grant street to Old avenue, to Sixth avenue. Reported to Councils with an affirmative recommendation. Ordinance granting Bryce McCollough & Co. the privilege to pave side walks on Graham street, Twenty-ninth ward, with cobble stone. Affirmative recommendation. Ordinance granting same privilege to Ripley & Co., on the same street. Granted. Ordinance for grading, paving and curbing Twenty-eighth street, south, from Mary to Carson street, and also remonstrance against the same. Ordinance indefinitely postponed. Remonstrance against grading and paving of Grant street, Seventeenth ward. Received and filed. Petition of John Bona for private sewer on Edwards alley between Seventeenth and Eighteenth street, south. Received and filed. Ordinance for grading and paving Carson street, Thirty-eighth ward. Ordinance ordered. Petition for dividing the contract for the improvement of Locust street. Received and filed. Petition for grading and paving of Union alley, Seventeenth ward. Ordinance ordered. Petition for rebuilding of Armstrong & Mathews' coal siding on north side of Second avenue, along the railroad. Referred to sub committee in connection with the City Engineer.

The following street assessments were approved. Twenty-seventh street, south, Bingham street, to Twenty-eighth street, Twenty-ninth street. Walnut alley, south. Cherry alley. Spruce alley. Ohio alley and Eighth street, south.

An ordinance from Council providing for a Registry department for the city, was referred to a sub committee.

Mr. McMahon presented a resolution instructing the City Engineer to notify K Bockson to at once proceed to pave School alley or to have it done at his expense until the matter could be settled by the Courts.

Petition for change of grade on Locust street, between Boyd and Magee streets. Referred to a sub committee. Petition for the opening of Finley road from Penn avenue to Black's. Petition of Candless ave ue, and remonstrance against the same. Referred to a sub committee. Remonstrance against present grade of Spring street, south, and petition for its change. Referred to a sub-committee consisting of Ritemiller, Doyle and McMahon.

Remonstrance against grading and paving of Thirty-fifth street, from the A. V. R. R. to the Allegheny river. Referred to a sub-committee. Petition for two 8 inch sewers on Liberty street, at the east and west corners of Ninth alley. Received and filed. Petition for board walk and steps, from the foot of Ferry or Mayda streets to P. R. R. at Bloomfield, in the Sixteenth ward. Postponed until the next meeting.

Mr. Liddell offered a resolution instructing the Commissioner of the First District to prevent certain parties from sprinkling over the recently repaired portions of Penn avenue. Adopted.

The following, offered by Mr. Dahms, was passed:

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed to act in conjunction with the Commissioner of the First District to decide which portion of the wooden pavements on Wood street, Fifth avenue, Liberty street and Ohio street, from Penn to Liberty street, that are in a bad condition, are worth repairing.

Mr. McCord presented the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to execute the bond of the city for the damages caused by the opening of Grandview avenue, and that the City Attorney be instructed to file the same, so that said avenue may be opened for public use.

The contract for a sewer on Second avenue was awarded to McDonough & Logan, at $2 25 for grading, thirty-three cents for paving and fifty-three cents for curbing. The bids for the repaving and recurbing of the Diamond were returned, and the matter was laid over. The bids for sidewalks on Taylor and Wilmbiddle streets were laid aside.

On motion, adjourned.

THE CRUSADERS.

Disorderly Scene at a Penn Street Meeting.

At half-past seven o'clock last evening a temperance meeting was held by Mrs. Allen's band of crusaders, at the market house in the Ninth ward, corner of Fourteenth street and Penn avenue. Mrs. A. W. Black, President of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, presided over the meeting. The exercises were commenced by the singing of Dundee, by the Golden Chain Band, of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Matchett followed in a very telling prohibition speech. After a temperance song had been sung, Mrs. Goss addressed the meeting. Her remarks were very eloquent, and were listened to with marked attention.

While Mrs. Goss was speaking Mrs. Tuttell and Miss Smith went to the Penn street side of the market house and opened a meeting. Mrs. Matchett was called upon to speak, but all her remarks were interrupted by a crowd of roughs, who yelled and hooted at the top of their voices and conducted themselves in a very disgraceful manner. The police who promptly appeared on the spot, did very little active service, in quelling the disturbance, but this disorderly element was soon reinforced and a little pandemonium was inaugurated in the course of the trouble. Some fellow commenced throwing rotten apples at the persons conducting the meeting, one of which struck Mr. Turner, who was assisting the ladies, on the head. Notwithstanding this interruption, the meeting was continued and was not adjourned until Mr. T. H. Rabe had delivered a forcible address.

The police escorted the ladies from the market house and they proceeded to the Alliance Rooms, where a very interesting meeting of half an hour's duration was held.

THE COURTS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

M. A. Helms, bankrupt, presented petition for discharge. A final examination will be had before Register Woodruff.

A return was made of A. W. Kredel, assignee of C. Oser, of Allegheny, bankrupt, to the order for the sale of certain real estate.

In the matter of Amos Tenney vs. the Brady's Bend Iron Company, of Armstrong county, the special return of the Commissioner, J. B. Boyd, was presented and confirmed nisi. It will be confirmed absolutely unless exceptions are filed within ten days.

J. M. Kinzer, of Allegheny county, surviving partner of Wayman, Kinzer & Co., was, upon petition of Burkhalter, Master & Co., ordered to file forthwith a full list of creditors, their places of residence, and the sums due them.

Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny.

Leave your money with the FRANKLIN. Deposits can be made, payable on demand. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny,

now occupy their elegant new iron front building at No. 171 Federal street. Geo. R. Riddle, President.

Boots and Shoes.

R. Taggart, 129 Federal street, Allegheny. Boots and Shoes. All styles.

Fancy Shoes and Slippers.

White Shoes.

Fine colored shoes a specialty.

Cheapest Boots and Shoes in the city.

20 per cent saved in buying at 129 Federal street, Allegheny. Work warranted. Come and see me.

The Fire and Flood

destroyed many hundreds of dollars in money that could have been saved by depositing it in time with the FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, Allegheny.

CITIZENS' RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Meeting Yesterday Afternoon—Appeal for Assistance from Corporations and Manufacturers—The Distress at Saw Mill Run.

Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the Citizens' Executive Relief Committee was held in the office of Major A. M. Brown, on Fifth avenue, and considerable informal discussion was had relative to the best manner in which to raise funds for the relief of the sufferers by the flood. From statements made by gentlemen present, it would appear that there is a great deal more suffering at Saw Mill Run than in Allegheny or ar any of the other places that felt the force of the deluge. The destruction of property was, perhaps, greater in Allegheny, but Mr. Donehoo said that no one who had not thoroughly examined into the condition of affairs in the vicinity of Temperanceville could imagine the extent of the distress and suffering there. He was authorized to draw from the general fund such money as he might think necessary to temporarily relieve the wants of the needy in that district. Mr. Donehoo also recited a number of instances where men who were in moderately good circumstances before the flood had not only lost their houses, financial savings and wives and children swept away, but even the lots on which their dwellings stood were carried off, and are now in the bed of the river. He also investigated the losses from property destroyed in that section, and was of the opinion that they would amount to fully $250,000

From reports reaching the members of the committee early that day they were inclined to the belief that the money is not coming in rapidly enough to relieve the suffering that prevails, and the donations will soon cease to amount to much, because people, after the excitement is over, will become apathetic. Mr. McCreery moved that an appeal in the shape of a printed circular be prepared and sent to all the corporations within the limits of the two cities; banks, insurance and railroad companies, &c. Mr. O'Neill suggested that the manufacturers also be included in the appeal. The suggestion was adopted, and the motion being carried, Major Brown was intrusted with the duty of preparing the document.

Mr. Dean, Treasurer of the Relief Fund, stated that contributions were coming in quite encouragingly, and that Mr. Myler is up to his ears in the work of distributing to the poor, which labor is increased by the fact that he has to investigate the legitimacy of the claim made by each applicant. There being no other business to attend to, the committee adjourned to meet again at the same place and time on Thursday afternoon. The South Side Relief Committee can always be found at the Postoffice in Temperanceville.

Three Heroes of Ham's were sent yesterday to Saw Mill Run, and a quantity of clothing will be sent the same way to-day. The Connly Christian Temperance Alliance has contributed considerable to the general fund in the way of hats, shoes, dress goods and other articles of wearing apparel.

AN APPEAL.

The following is the appeal of the Committee:

The Executive Relief Committee have been highly encouraged and generously sustained in their efforts to relieve the present wants of the sufferers by the flood by the liberal contributions already received—namely from those of small means; but the amount thus far subscribed will not be only temporary relief, and fall far short of the work which should be accomplished. Believing that our corporations, manufacturers, merchants and capitalists have the ability as well as the inclination to do their whole duty in this emergency, when your attention to the necessity for action, the committee being unable to make a direct personal application, take this method of collecting such generous subscriptions from banks, insurance companies, railway and bridge companies and other corporations and manufacturing and mercantile firms in and around our two cities, as shall be worthy of their sturdy financial ability and acoustomed liberality, and commensurate with the duty we owe to ving upon them in view of the dire calamity which obliterated so many homes, destroyed so many industrious lives and left in its track only sorrow, desolation and death. Mainly upon these hearts also to bear the burdens this great misfortune falls. It is the privilege as well as the duty, of those whose homes and fortunes have been mercifully preserved, to assist in the good work of providing for the helpless and homeless, and to commemorate the day as one they can, the pecuniary loss which the afflicted have sustained. This much we can do, leaving yet unrestored bereaved homes, blighted lives and broken hearts. In behalf of the committee of relief, I am very respectfully the duty of the chairman,

A. M. BROWN,
Chairman.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following deeds have been filed for record with Recorder Richardson, since our last report.

John Wilson to John McManis, Oct. 28, 1848: 2 acres in Peebles township. Price..... $100

Samuel M. Jones to Samuel Pollock, November 9, 1872: 25¼ perches in Penn township. Price..... $ 74

Mary Johnson and Samuel Palmer to Anthony Harron, June 2, 1855; 40x60 feet on South Main. Price..... $400

John K Phillips to Mrs. Mary J. Phillips, May 2, 1874: 32 acres in upper St. Clair township on Painter's Run. Price..... $800

Jacob Sands to Jos. Sands, July 21, 1874: 24x100 feet on Walnut street, Ninth ward, Allegheny. Price..... $1

Geo. M. Bowman to H. & D. Bowman, August 20, 1862; 126 acres in Penn township. Price $1

Benjamin S. Hall to David Bowman, August 28, 1840; 108¼ acres in Penn Township. Price..... $450

O. H. Love to T. C. Martin, November 1, 1872: two lots on Magnolia avenue, Arlington Price..... $1

Wm. Y. ulan to Ruth and Eliza Bedell, September 26, 1870; 60x120 feet on Border street, West Elizabeth. Price..... $550

Jacob Haslbauer to George A. Hassinger, April 17, 1872; 1 rood and 20 perches in Indiana Township. Price..... $50

Samuel Reed to J. R. P. and J. Owen Brown, July 24, 1874; 104 acres and 58 perches in Ross' Deer Township. Price..... $1 200

Mary E. C. Harrison to Wm. Stevenson, March 14, 1872; 24x91 feet, on Hammond avenue, in Twenty-first Ward, Pittsburgh. Price, $1,100

Quit claim deed—Catharine Miller, Jacob Miller and Joseph Vankirk, June 14, 1874, fifty-five acres in Elizabeth township, the tract being known as "Hibernia." Price..... $1

Wm. Wilson to John M. Kennedy, July 21, 1874: lot 40x80 feet, corner Fulton and Franklin streets, Pittsburgh. Given in trust for the payment of debts of the party of the first part.

Jacob Gaesser to George B Hill, June 3, 1873, deed of voluntary assignment for benefit of creditors.

THE FIRE FUND.

Distributing the Balance—Nearly $6,000 Altogether Disposed of.

Last evening the Fire Fund Committee held a final meeting in the private office of Postmaster Myler. It will be remembered that this committee was appointed for the purpose of distributing such funds as might be received for the purpose, among the sufferers by the disastrous fire of the "Fourth" in Allegheny. The committee strongly urged by Chief Engine Gaily, until the flood came and engrossed attention for the past week. The meeting last evening was accordingly held for the purpose of closing up accounts preparatory to making up a final report.

On looking over the books the committee found they had a balance of $2,997 63 still on hand, and during the evening Mr. Peter Wallerstein, submitted $18 more, collected by him. They found that they had distributed